

Visualization of atomic-scale phenomena in superconductors

Andreas Kreisel, Brian Andersen

Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, 2100 København, Denmark

**Peayush Choubey,
Peter Hirschfeld**

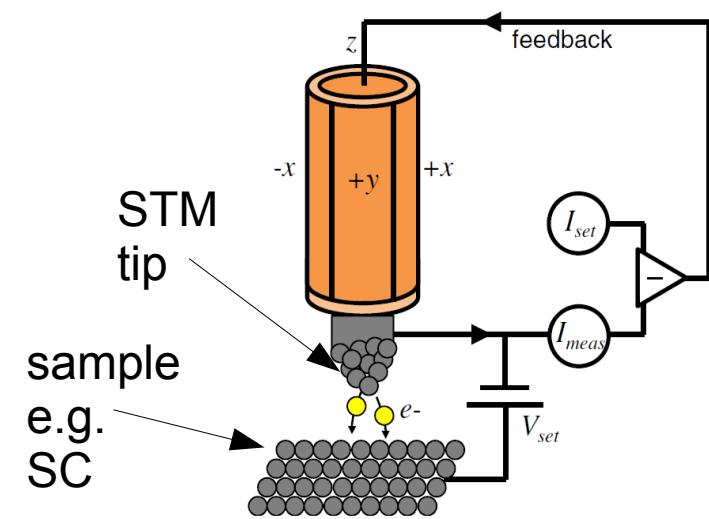
Department of Physics, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611, USA

Tom Berlijn

Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences and Computer Science and Mathematics Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831, USA



Scanning tunnelling microscopy



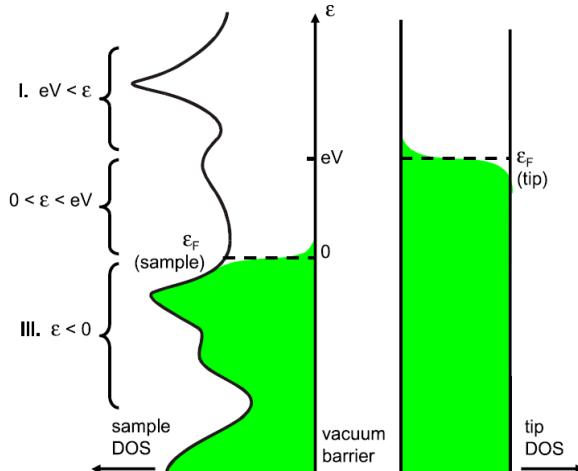
J. Hoffman 2011 Rep. Prog. Phys. **74** 124513 (2011)

J. Tersoff and D. R. Hamann, PRB **31**, 805 (1985)

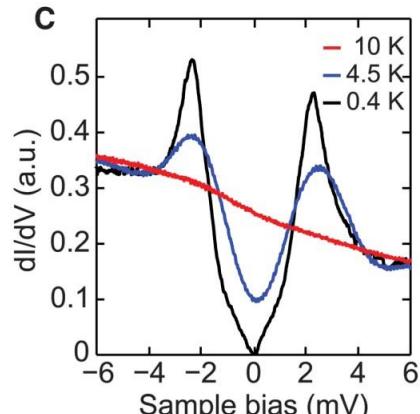
Tunnelling current:

$$I(V, x, y, z) = -\frac{4\pi e}{\hbar} \rho_t(0) |M|^2 \int_0^{eV} \rho(x, y, z, \epsilon) d\epsilon$$

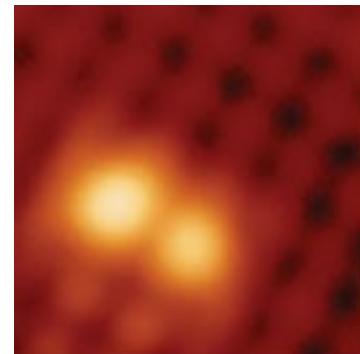
Local Density Of States
(LDOS)
of sample at given energy



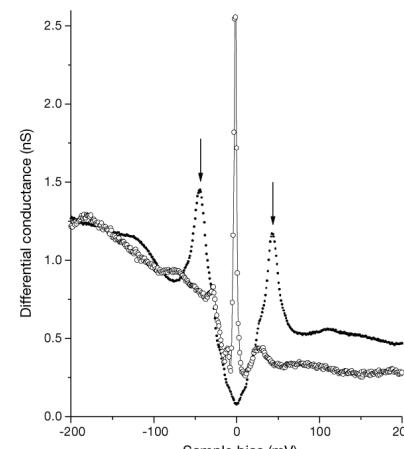
density of states of FeSe T_C=8 K



Topograph of Fe centered impurity in FeSe at V=6 mV



LDOS and conductance map: Zn impurity in BiSCCO at V=-1.5 mV



Song et al., Science 332, 1410 (2011)

Can-Li Song, et al. PRL **109**, 137004 (2012)

Pan et al., Nature 403, 746 (2000)

Theory: State of the art methods

T-matrix

- Hamiltonian

band structure
kinetic energy

$$H_0 = \sum_{R R', \sigma} t_{R R'} c_R^\dagger c_{R' \sigma} + \mu_0 \sum_{R, \sigma} c_R^\dagger c_{R \sigma}$$

$$H = H_0 + H_{\text{BCS}} + H_{\text{imp}}$$

superconductivity
gap function / pairing

$$H_{\text{BCS}} = - \sum_{R, R'} \Delta_{R R'} c_{R \uparrow}^\dagger c_{R' \downarrow} + H.c.,$$

impurity scatterer
(non)magnetic
potential / T_2 scatterer

$$H_{\text{imp}} = \sum_{\sigma} V_{\text{imp}} c_{R \sigma}^\dagger c_{R \sigma}$$

- T-matrix calculations

$$T_0 = \frac{g_0(\omega)}{c^2 - g_0^2(\omega)}, \quad T_3 = \frac{c}{c^2 - g_0^2(\omega)}$$

- lattice Green's function

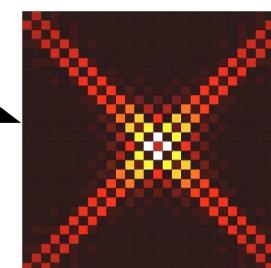
$$\hat{G}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}'; \omega) = \hat{G}_0(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}', \omega) + \hat{G}_0(\mathbf{r}, \omega) \hat{T}(\omega) \hat{G}_0(\mathbf{r}', \omega)$$

- Local Density of States (LDOS)

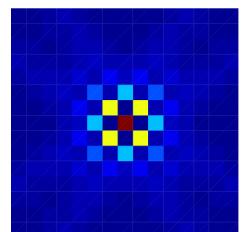
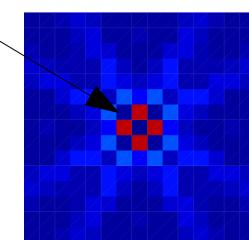
$$N_{\text{imp}}(\mathbf{r}, \omega) = - \frac{1}{\pi} \text{Im}[\hat{G}_0(\mathbf{r}, \omega) \hat{T}(\omega) \hat{G}_0(\mathbf{r}, \omega)]_{11}$$

“resolution”: one pixel
per elementary cell

Zn impurity in BSCCO



minimum on
impurity,
maximum at
NN



T-matrix calculation +
Bi-O filter function
Martin et al., PRL **88**,
097003 (2002)

Theory: State of the art methods

Bogoliubov-de Gennes (BdG)

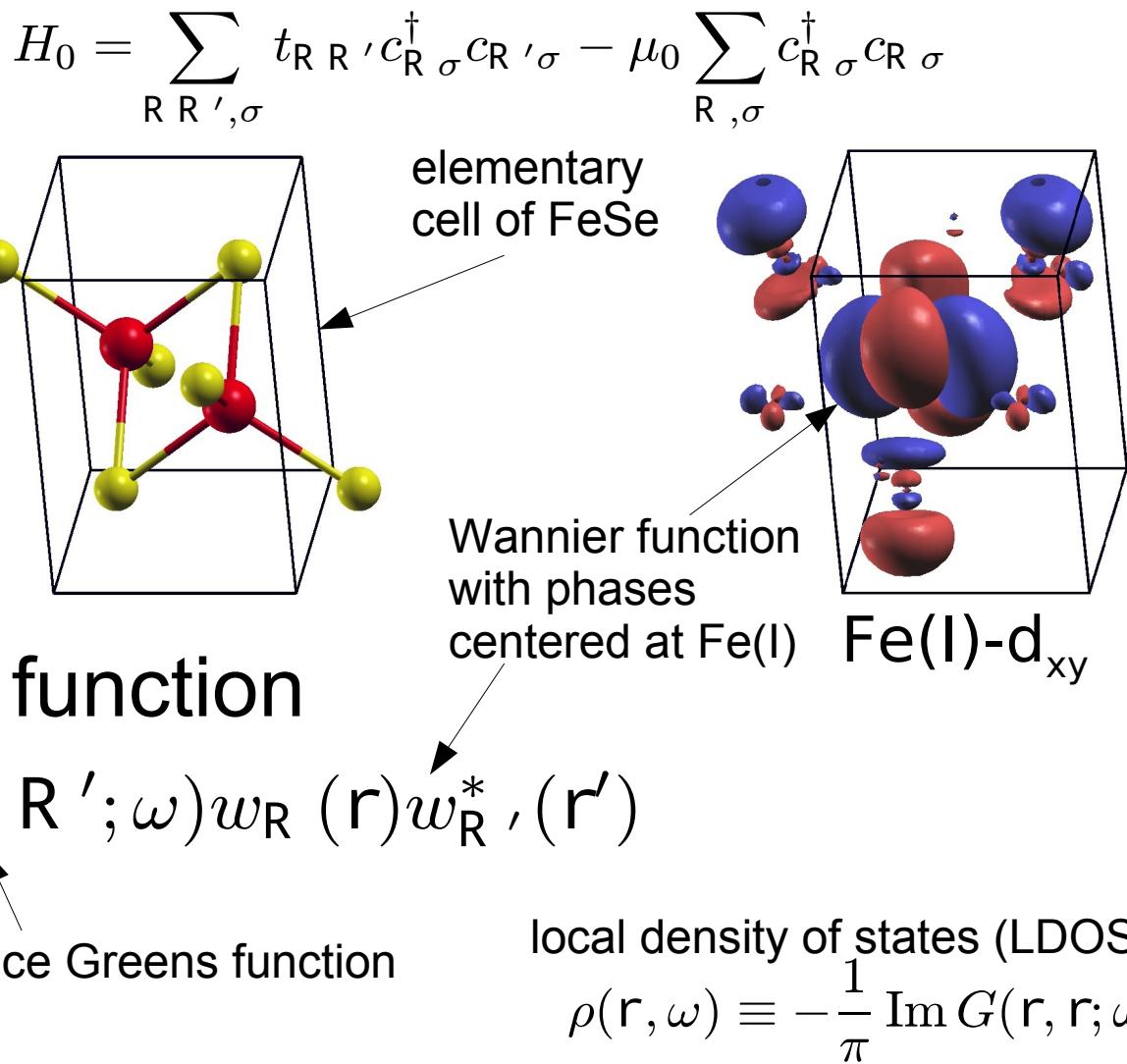
- Hamiltonian $H = H_0 + H_{\text{BCS}} + H_{\text{imp}}$
- self-consistent solution in real space
(NxN grid, determine gaps) $\Delta_{R R'} = \Gamma_{R R'} \langle c_{R'} \downarrow c_R \uparrow \rangle$
- eigenvalues E_n , eigenvectors (u_n, v_n)
- lattice Greens function

$$G_\sigma(R, R'; \omega) = \sum_n \left(\frac{u_R^{n\sigma} u_{R'}^{n\sigma*}}{\omega - E_{n\sigma} + i0^+} + \frac{v_R^{n-\sigma} v_{R'}^{n-\sigma*}}{\omega + E_{n-\sigma} + i0^+} \right)$$

BdG+Wannier method

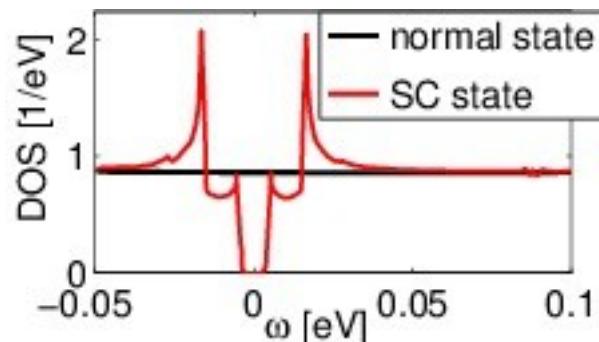
- first principles calculation

- band structure
- Wannier functions
wavefunctions in
real space

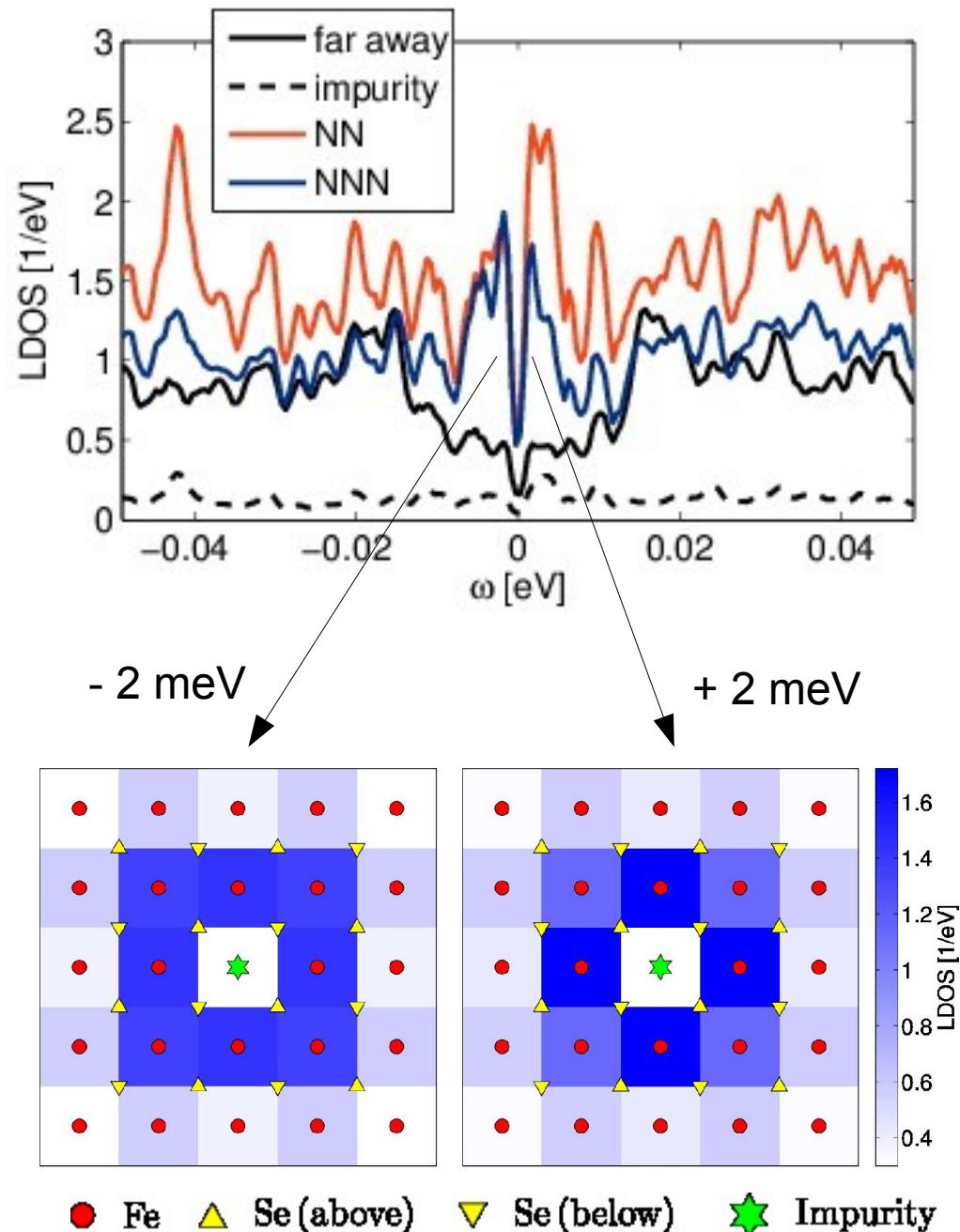


Application to FeSe

- homogeneous superconductor



- lattice LDOS
(conventional:
1 pixel per Fe
atom)

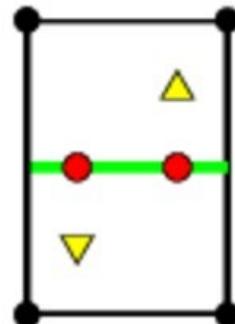


FeSe: Results

$$I(V, x, y, z) = -\frac{4\pi e}{\hbar} \rho_t(0) |M|^2 \int_0^{eV} \rho(x, y, z, \epsilon) d\epsilon$$

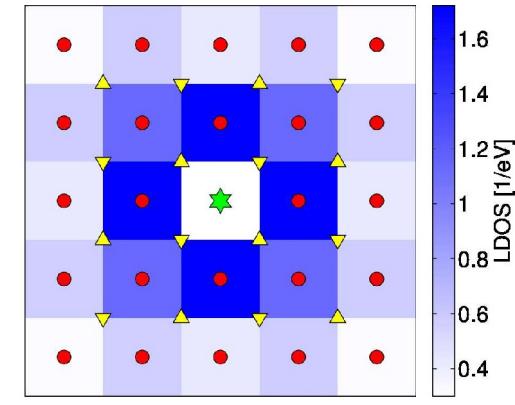
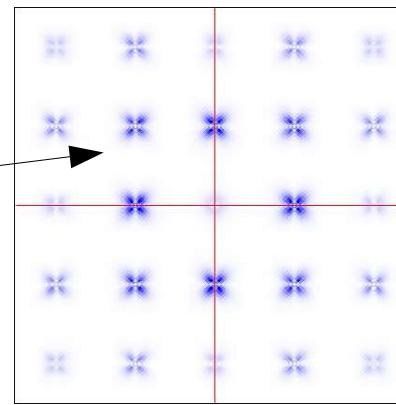
- continuum density of states

- at Fe plane

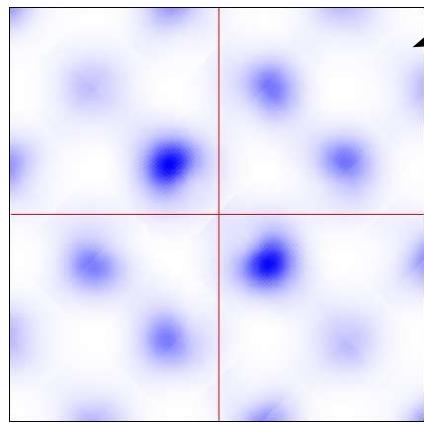
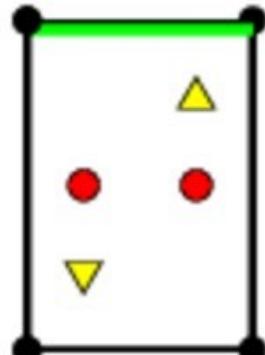


C4 symmetry!

2 meV

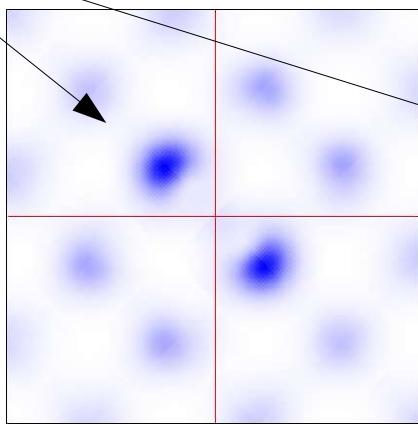
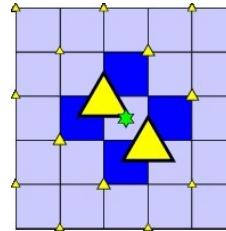


- at STM tip position

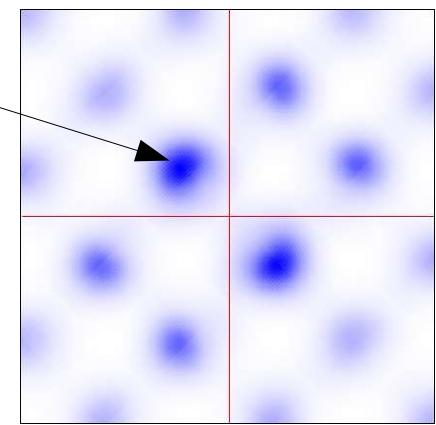


-2 meV

C2 symmetry!



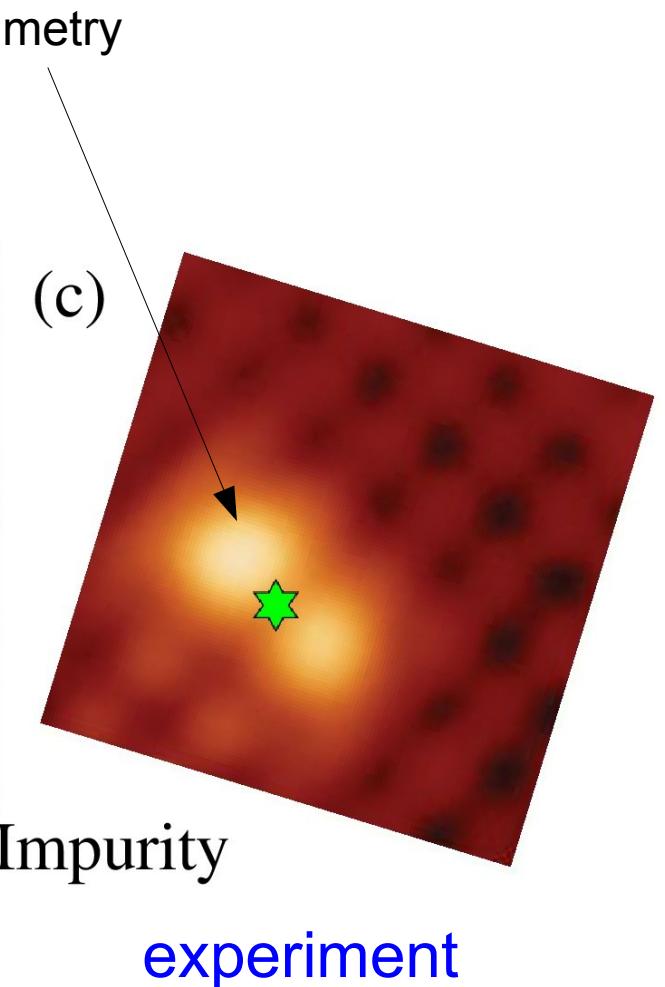
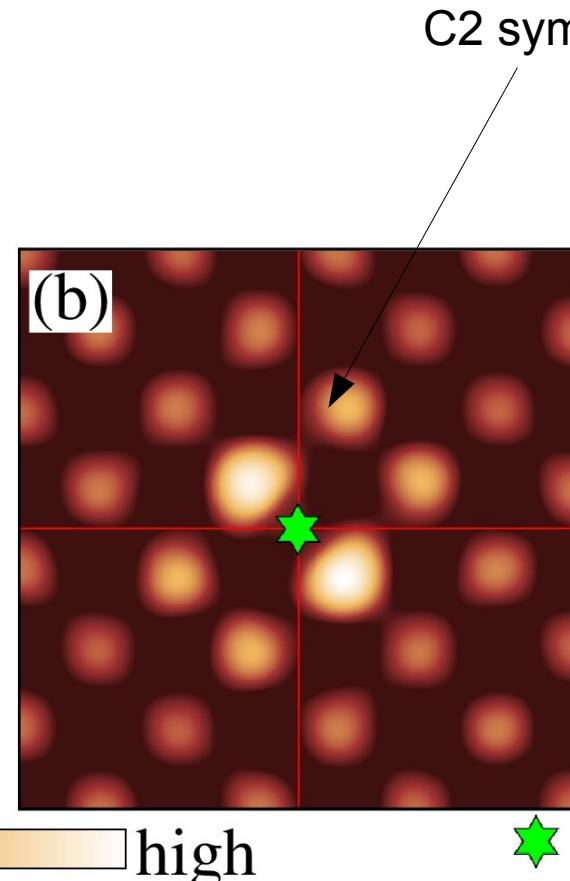
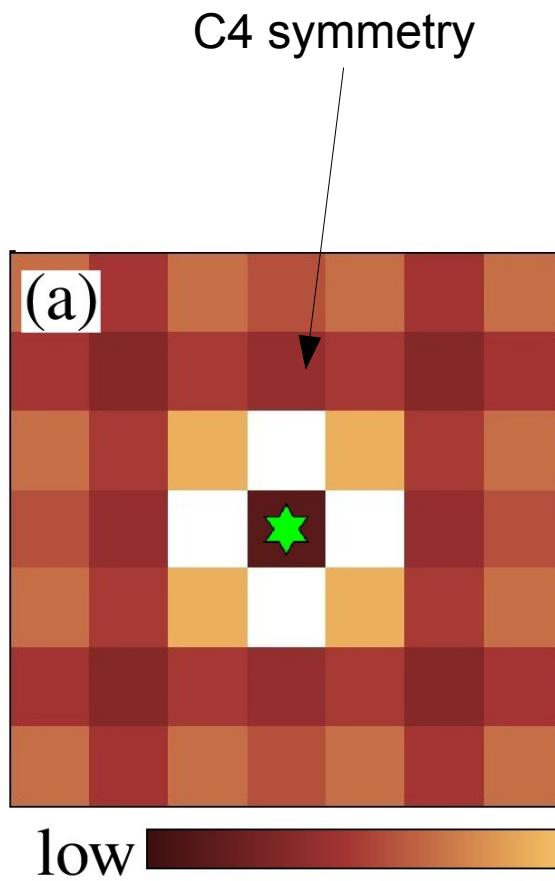
+2 meV



+30 meV

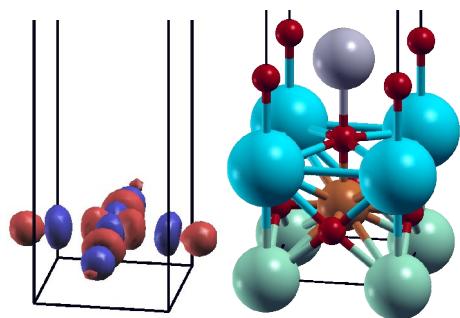
FeSe: Comparison to experiment

STM topography on FeSe with Fe-centered impurity

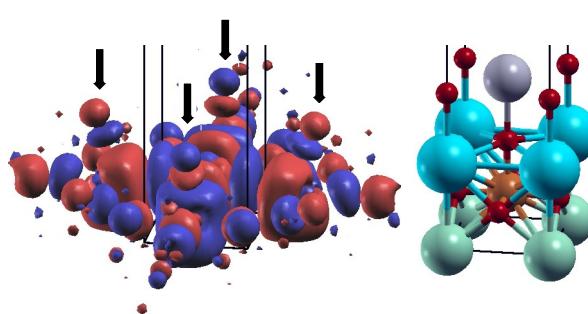


Application to BSCCO

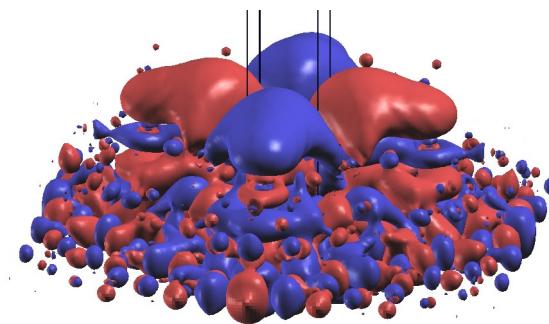
- first principles calculation (surface)
- 1 band tight binding model:
1 Wannier function



Cu d_{xy}

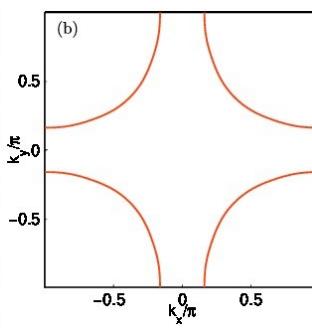
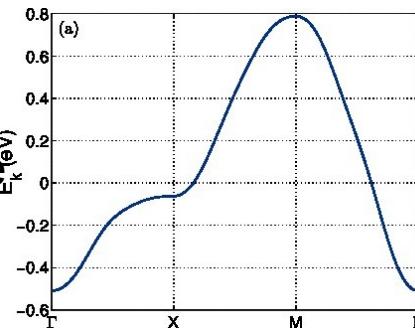


NN apical O tails

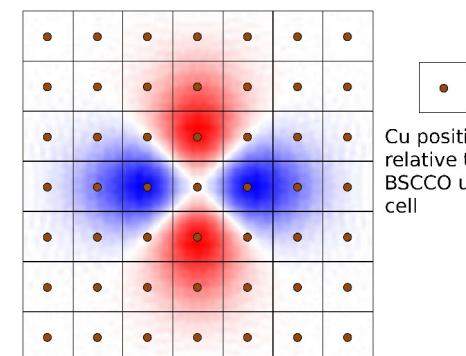


at surface: only contributions to NN

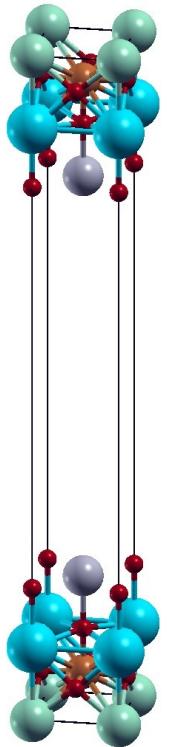
band structure
 E_k [eV]



Fermi surface



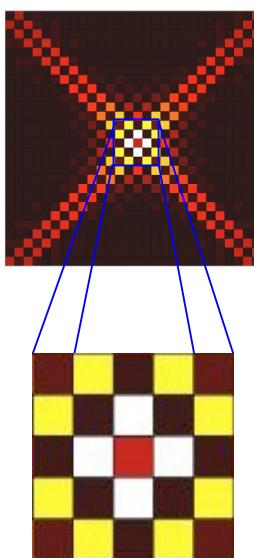
Cu position
relative to
BSCCO unit
cell



BSCCO: Results

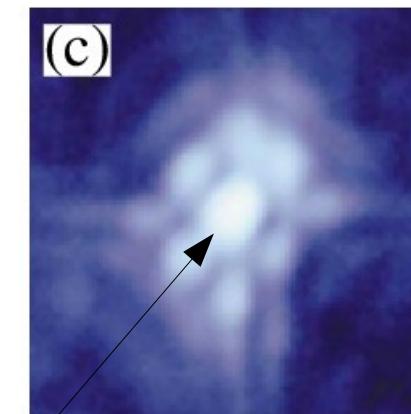
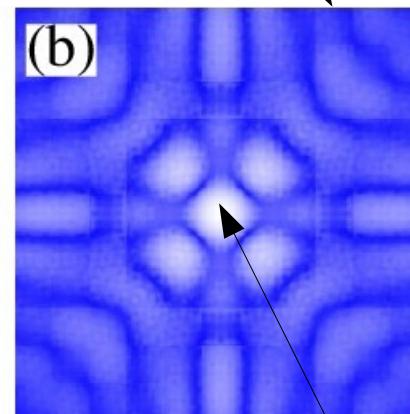
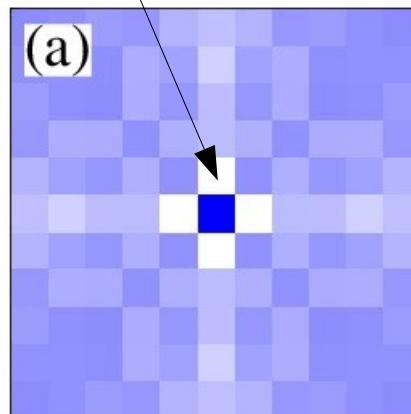
- d-wave order parameter
- Zn impurity resonance at -3.6 meV

Zhu et al., PRB
67, 094508
(2003)



resonance at NN

$11\text{ \AA} \approx 41\text{ \AA}$



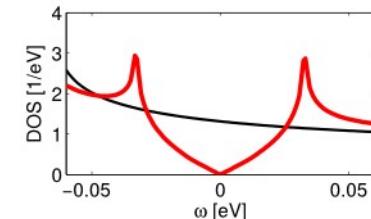
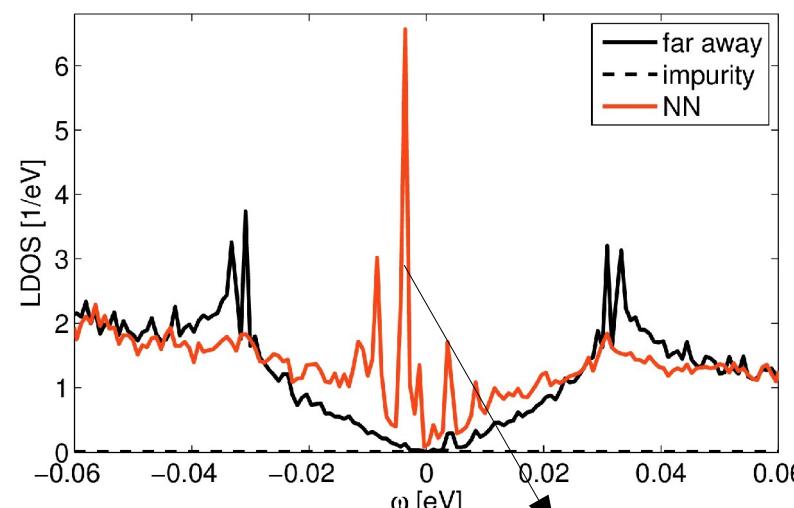
high

low

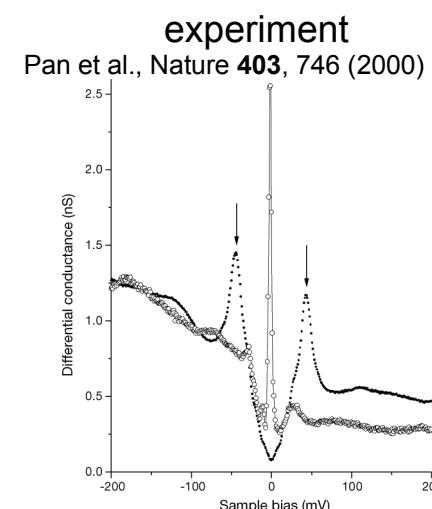
BdG

BdG+W

resonance at impurity

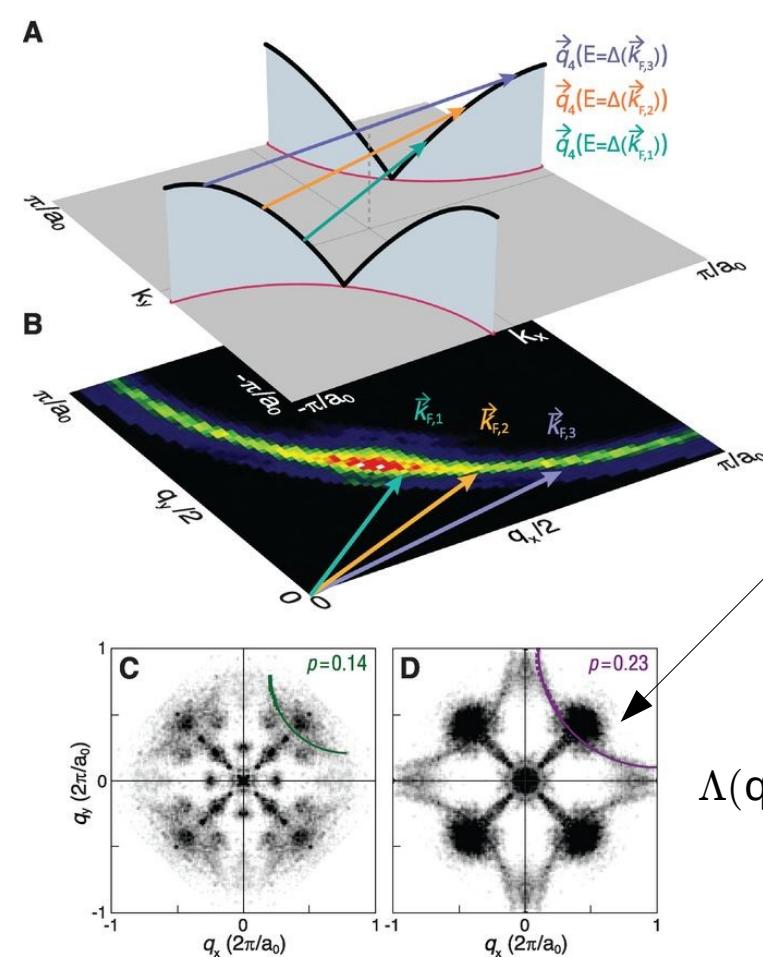


DOS of homogeneous superconductor



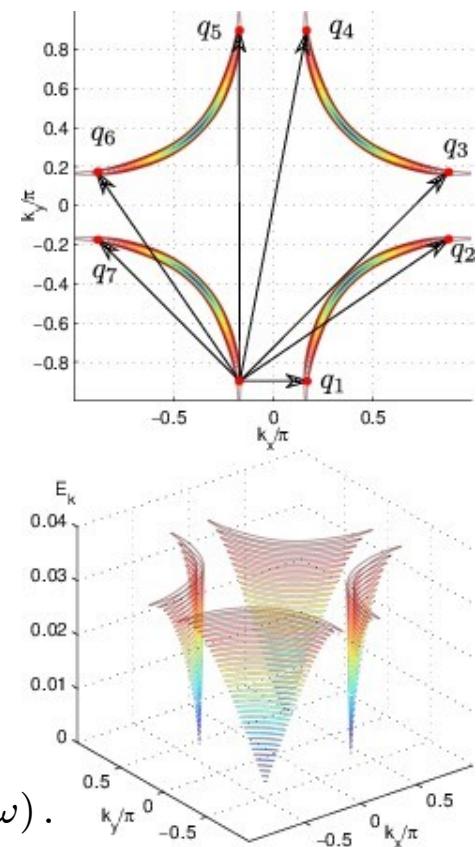
Quasi Particle Interference (QPI)

- Fourier transform of differential conductance maps



energy
integrated
maps: trace
back Fermi
surface

$$\Lambda(\mathbf{q}) = \int_0^{\Delta_0} d\omega Z(\mathbf{q}, \omega).$$



octet model: 7 scattering
vectors between regions
of high DOS

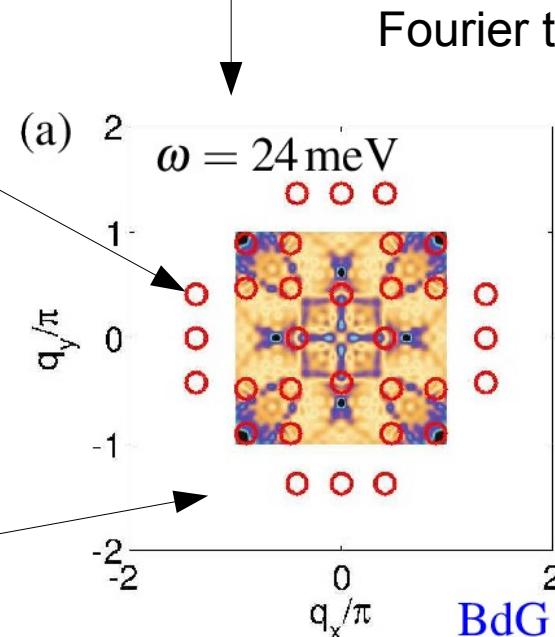
QPI simulation

no intra-unitcell information

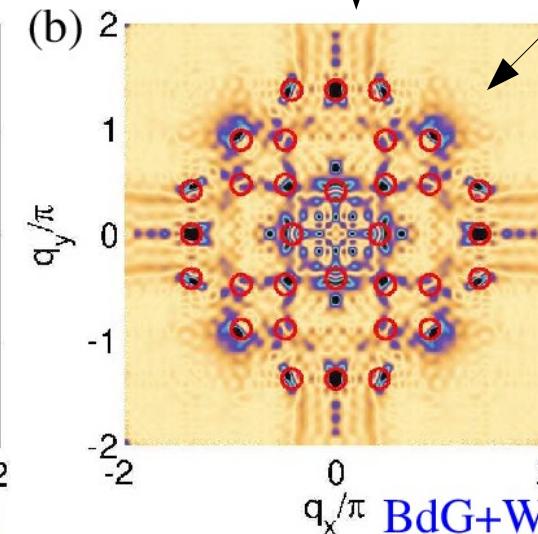
BSCCO: weak potential scatterer

atomic scale local density of states at STM tip position

spots from octett model



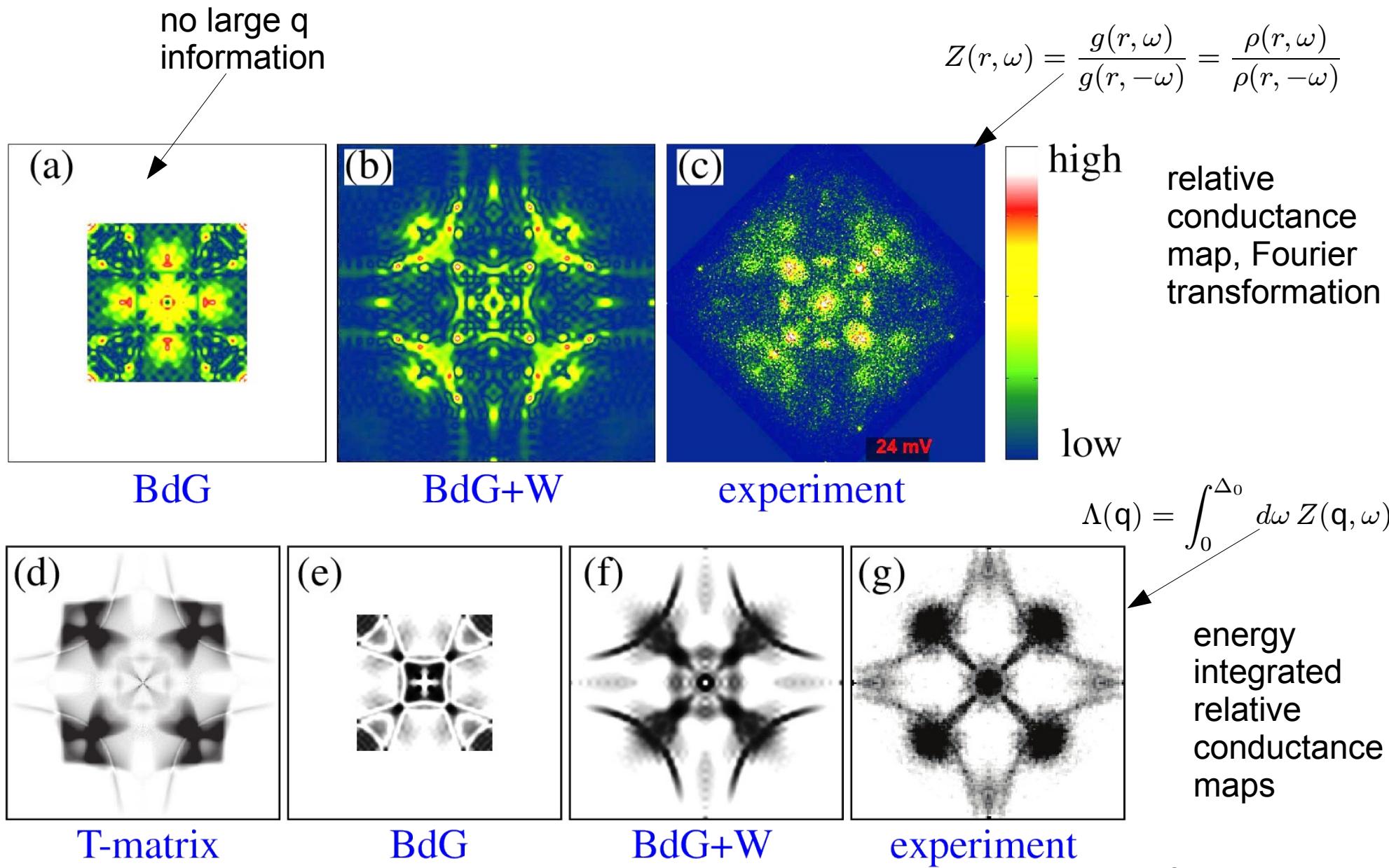
no information beyond first BZ



full information for all scattering vectors

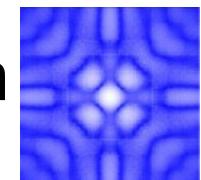
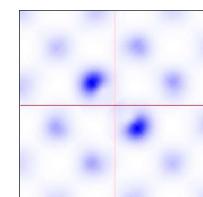
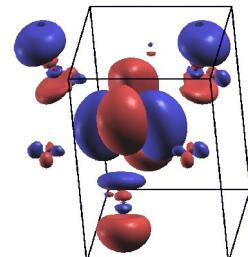
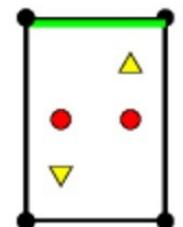
high
low

Comparison to experiment



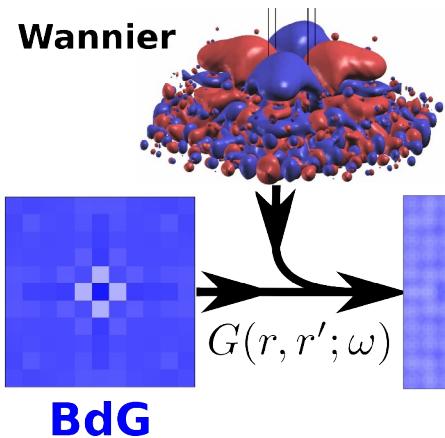
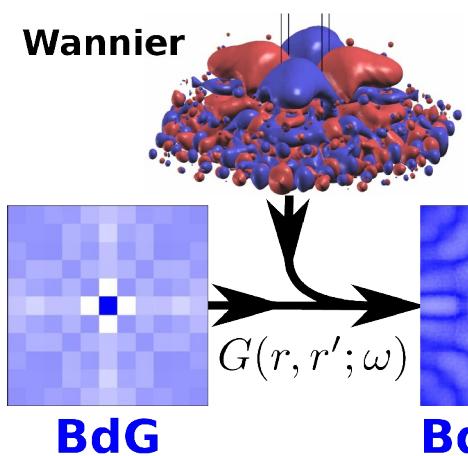
Recapitulation: BdG+W

- simple: just a basis transformation of the Green's function $G(r, r'; \omega) = \sum_{R, R'} G(R, R'; \omega) w_R(r) w_{R'}^*(r')$
- powerful tool for calculation of local density of states at the surface (STM tip position) of superconductors
- takes into account interunitcell information and symmetries of the elementary cell and the contained atoms
- shown to work in
 - FeSe: geometric dimer
 - BSCCO: Zn impurity resonance, QPI pattern



Summary

Kreisel et al.
arXiv:1407.1846



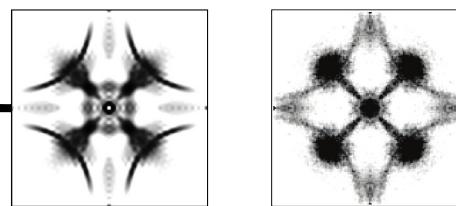
BSCCO
Zn impurity



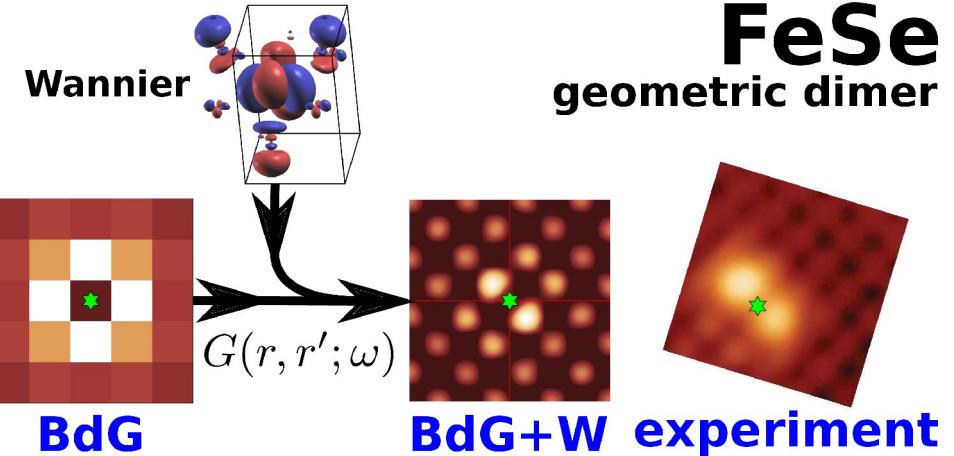
BdG+W experiment

BSCCO
QPI: weak scatterer

Fourier-
transform



experiment



BdG+W experiment

Choubey et al.
arXiv:1401.7732

Acknowledgements

