Universität Leipzig, Institut für Theoretische Physik

Exercises in Advanced Quantum Mechanics

Due Thursday, December 18, 2014

22. (Mandatory) We consider the harmonic oscillator in one dimension under the influence of a weak constant force F:

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_1, \qquad \hat{H}_0 = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{m\omega^2}{2}\hat{x}^2, \qquad \hat{H}_1 = -F\hat{x}.$$

- a) Calculate the second order perturbative corrections to the *n*-th energy eigenvalue and eigenvector.
- b) Determine the exact energy eigenvalues of \hat{H} und compare with the result of a.
- c) (1 bonus point) Expand the exact ground state with respect to the eigenvectors of H_0 and compare with the perturbatively corrected ground state of a).

23. Calculate the first order perturbative correction to the ground state energy of a hydrogen atom caused by the finite size of the nucleus. For that purpose, model the nucleus by a homogeneously charged ball of radius R.

24. A reasonable approximation for the Hamiltonian of an alcali atom is given by

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_1$$
 with $\hat{H}_0 = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2} - \frac{e^2}{r}$ and $\hat{H}_1 = -c_0 \frac{e^2}{r} - c_1 \frac{e^2}{r^2} - c_2 \frac{e^2}{r^3} - c_3 \frac{e^2}{r^4}$,

where, for simplicity, \hbar and the electron mass m_e are set equal to 1.

a) Prove the following recursion formula, where $\nu \in \mathbf{Z}$:

$$\begin{split} -\nu \frac{a^2}{n^2} \langle nlm | \frac{1}{r^{\nu+1}} | nlm \rangle + (2\nu+1) a \langle nlm | \frac{1}{r^{\nu+2}} | nlm \rangle \\ + (\nu+1) \left(\frac{\nu(\nu+2)}{4} - l(l+1) \right) \langle nlm | \frac{1}{r^{\nu+3}} | nlm \rangle = 0 \,. \end{split}$$

Hint. Find a linear combination of the commutators $\left[\frac{1}{r^{\nu}}[r, \hat{H}_0], \hat{H}_0\right]$ and $\left[\frac{1}{r^{\nu+1}}, \hat{H}_0\right]$ which can be expressed in terms of \hat{H}_0 , $\hat{\vec{L}}^2$ and powers of $\frac{1}{r}$.

b) Using a), calculate the first order perturbative correction to the energy eigenvalues. *Hint.* $\langle nlm|r^{-2}|nlm\rangle = \frac{a^2}{n^3(l+\frac{1}{2})}$.