

**UNIVERSITY OF LEIPZIG**  
**INSTITUTE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS**  
**Department: Theory of Elementary Particles**

TP2 2015

Lecturer: PD Dr. A. Schiller

List of problems 2

4. Calculate the divergence and the curl of the vectors

$$(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{r}) \mathbf{b}, \quad (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{r}) \mathbf{r}, \quad \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{r}, \quad \phi(r) (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{r}), \quad \mathbf{r} \times (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{r}),$$

where  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  are constant vectors and  $\phi(r)$  is a scalar function of the magnitude  $r$  of the radius-vector  $\mathbf{r}$ .

5. Calculate the closed surface integrals

$$\oint_S \mathbf{r} (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{n}) da, \quad \oint_S (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{r}) \mathbf{n} da$$

using a variant of the divergence theorem,  $\mathbf{n}$  is the outward pointing unit vector of the surface  $S$  around the volume  $V$ .

6. Using Dirac delta functions in the appropriate coordinates, express the following charge distributions as three-dimensional charge densities  $\rho(\mathbf{x})$ .
- (a) In cylindrical coordinates, a charge  $\lambda$  per unit length uniformly distributed over a cylindrical surface of radius  $b$ .
  - (b) In cylindrical coordinates, a charge  $Q$  spread uniformly over a flat circular disc of negligible thickness and radius  $R$ .
  - (c) The same as part (b), but using spherical coordinates.