

Pairing strength and gap functions in multiband superconductors: 3D effects

Andreas Kreisel, Yan Wang, Peter Hirschfeld

Department of Physics, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611-8440, USA

Thomas Maier

Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences and Computer Science and Mathematics Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6494, USA

Douglas Scalapino

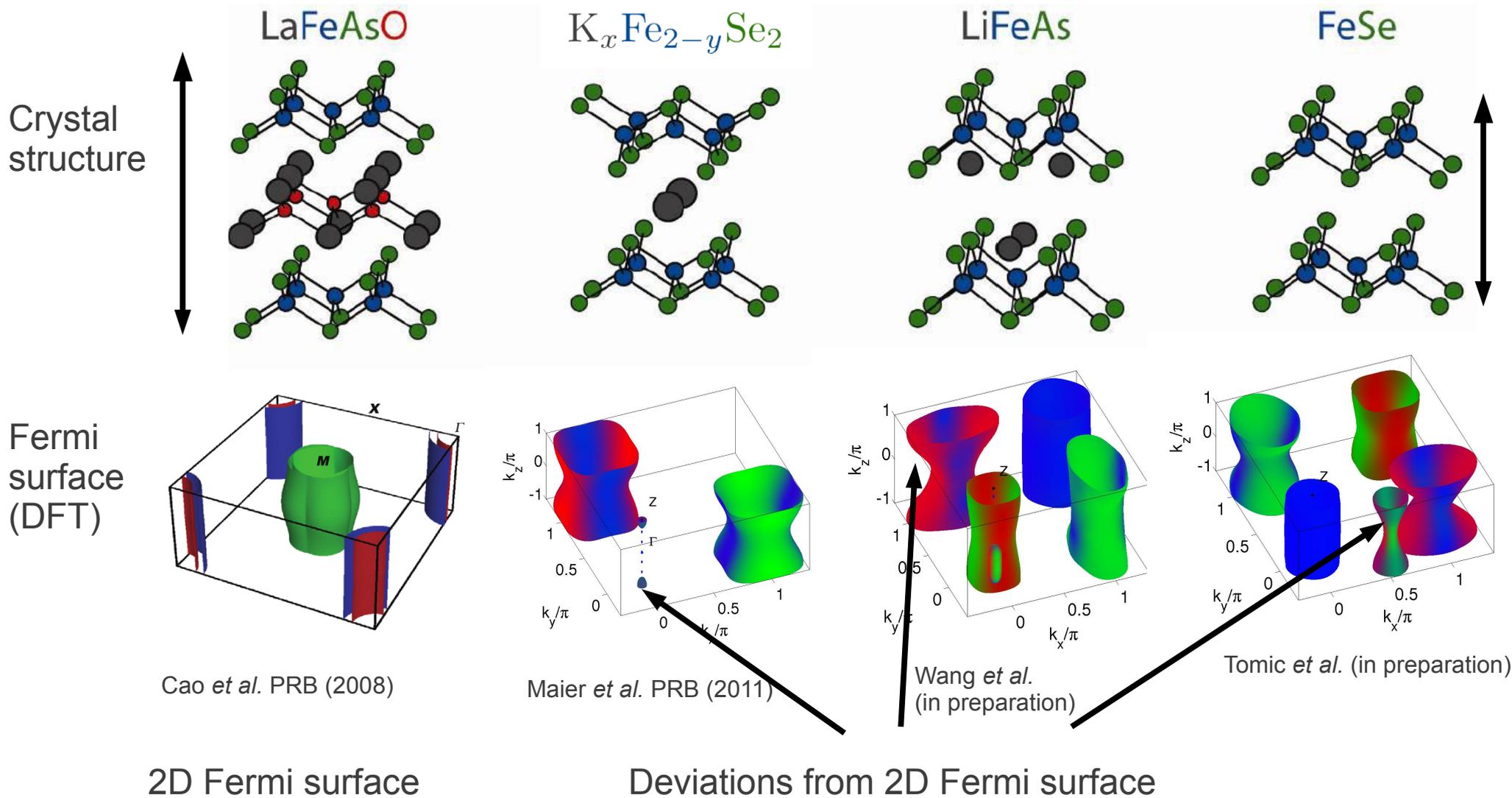
Department of Physics, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106-9530, USA

Sergey Borisenko, Volodymyr Zabolotnyy

Leibnitz-Institute for Solid State Research, IFW-Dresden, D-01171 Dresden, Germany

Motivation: Fe based superconductors: 2D vs. 3D

- Materials



Method

- Tight binding model
 - Wannier projection of DFT results
 - Fit to experimental band structure (ARPES)

$$H_0 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{ij} \sum_{l_1, l_2=1}^{10} t_{ij}^{l_1 l_2} c_{il_1}^\dagger c_{il_2}$$

- Hubbard-Hund Hamiltonian

$$H = H_0 + \bar{U} \sum_{i,l} n_{il\uparrow} n_{il\downarrow} + \bar{U}' \sum_{i,l' < l} n_{il} n_{il'} + \bar{J} \sum_{i,l' < l} \sum_{\sigma, \sigma'} c_{il\sigma}^\dagger c_{il'\sigma'}^\dagger c_{il\sigma'} c_{il'\sigma} + \bar{J}' \sum_{i,l' \neq l} c_{il\uparrow}^\dagger c_{il\downarrow}^\dagger c_{il'\downarrow} c_{il'\uparrow}$$

Spin fluctuation mediated pair scattering

- Susceptibility in normal state (orbital resolved)

$$\chi_{l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4}^0(q) = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k, \mu\nu} M_{l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4}^{\mu\nu}(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{q}) G^\mu(k+q) G^\nu(k).$$

- Interactions: RPA approximation

$$\chi_{0l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4}^{\text{RPA}}(q) = \frac{\chi_0}{1 - U^s \chi_0} \quad \chi_{1l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4}^{\text{RPA}}(q) = \frac{\chi_0}{1 + U^c \chi_0}$$

- Scattering vertex in singlet channel

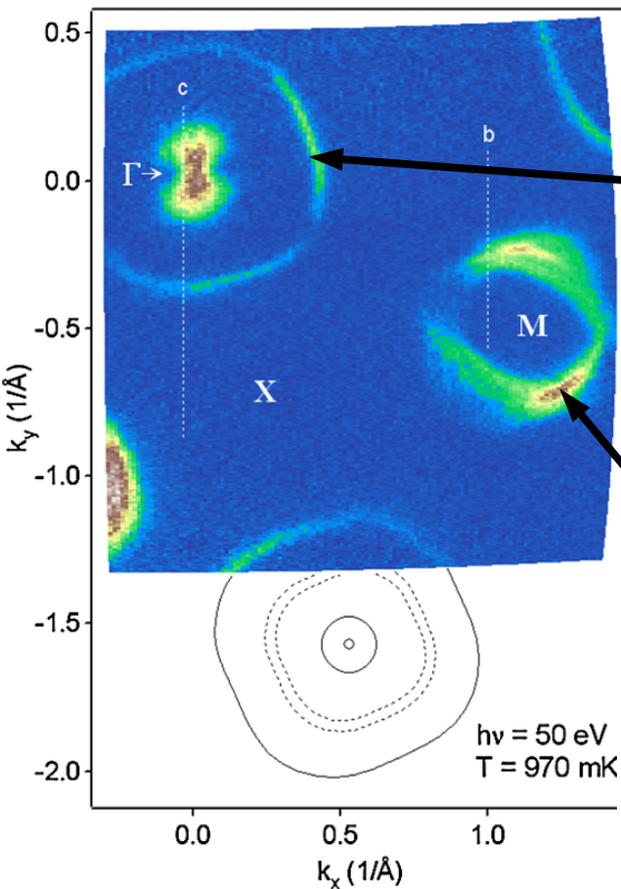
$$\Gamma_{ij}(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}') = \text{Re} \sum_{l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4} \tilde{M}_{l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4}^{ij} \left[\frac{3}{2} \bar{U}^s \chi_1^{\text{RPA}}(\mathbf{k} - \mathbf{k}', 0) \bar{U}^s \right.$$

band space

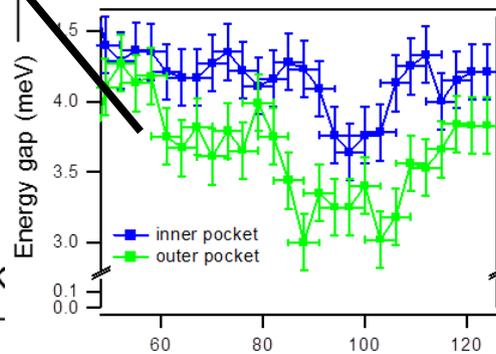
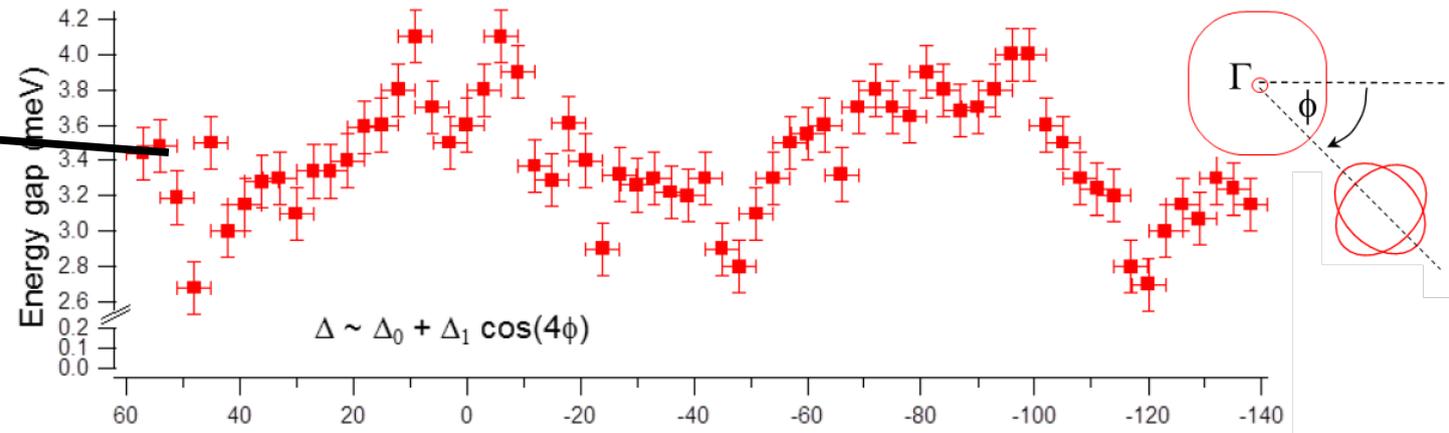
$$\left. + \frac{1}{2} \bar{U}^s - \frac{1}{2} \bar{U}^c \chi_0^{\text{RPA}}(\mathbf{k} - \mathbf{k}', 0) \bar{U}^c + \frac{1}{2} \bar{U}^c \right]_{l_3 l_4 l_1 l_2}$$

LiFeAs: Experimentally

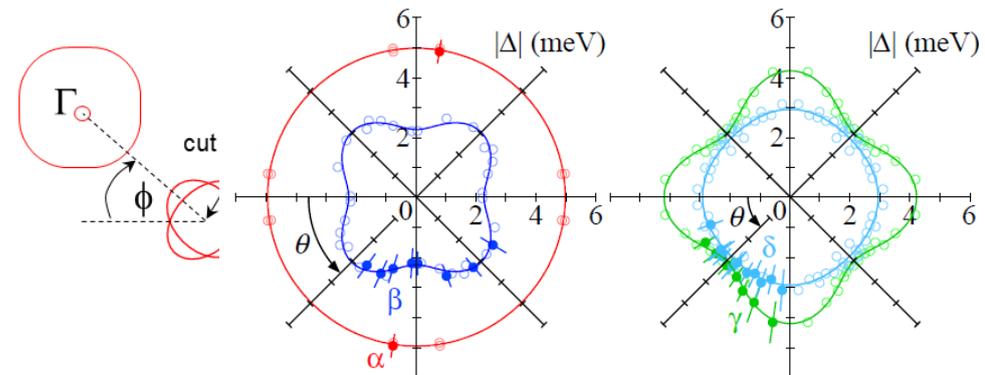
- High quality samples available with $T_c \sim 18\text{K}$
- Nonpolar surfaces, ideal to apply surface spectroscopy to measure band structure and superconducting gap



Borisenko *et al.* PRL (2010)

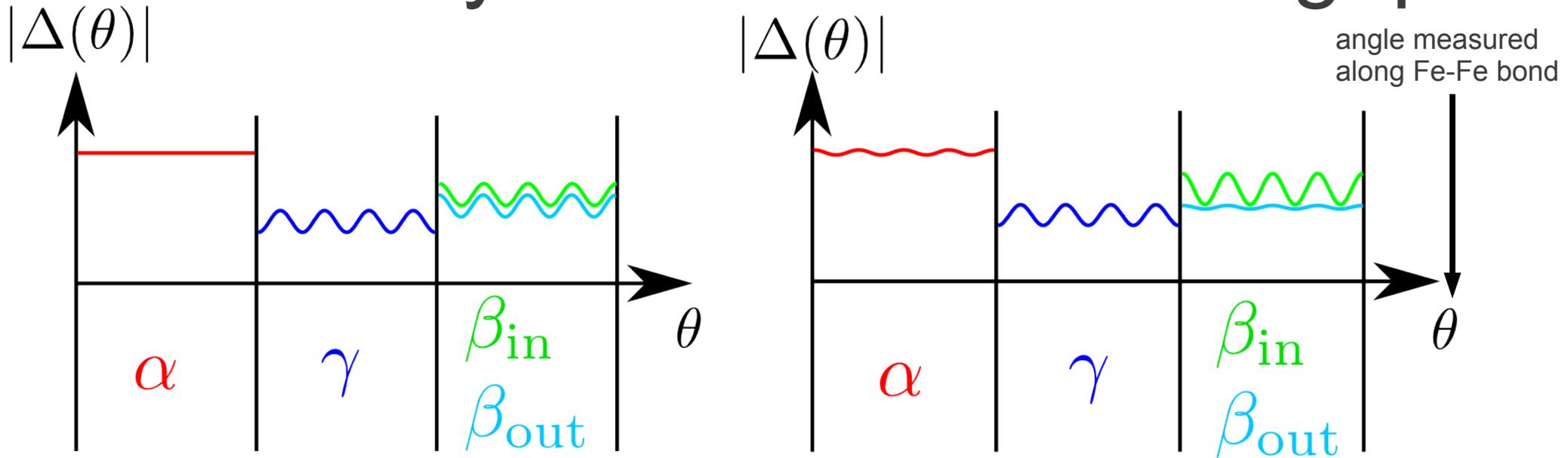


Borisenko *et al.* Symmetry (2012)



Umezawa *et al.* PRL (2012)

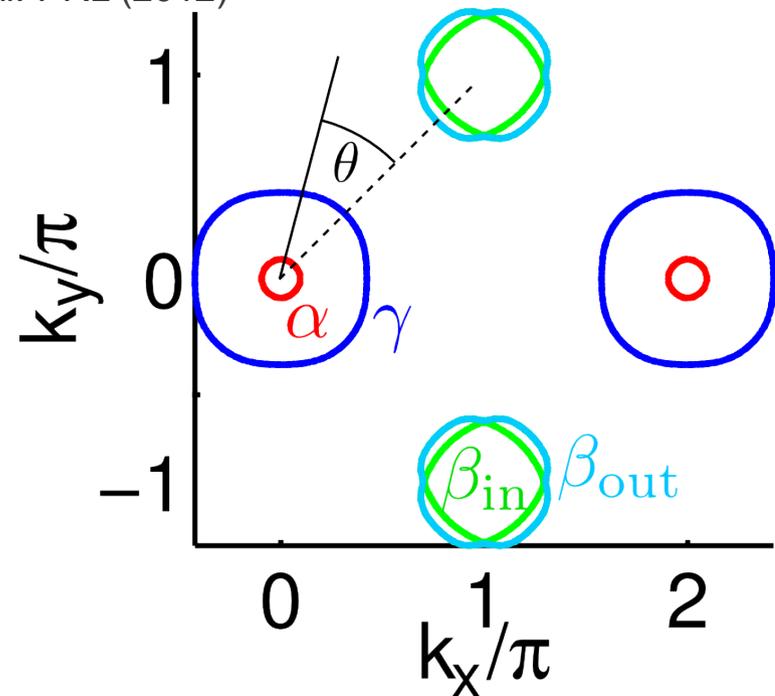
Summary: ARPES results for gap



Borisenko *et al.* Symmetry (2012)

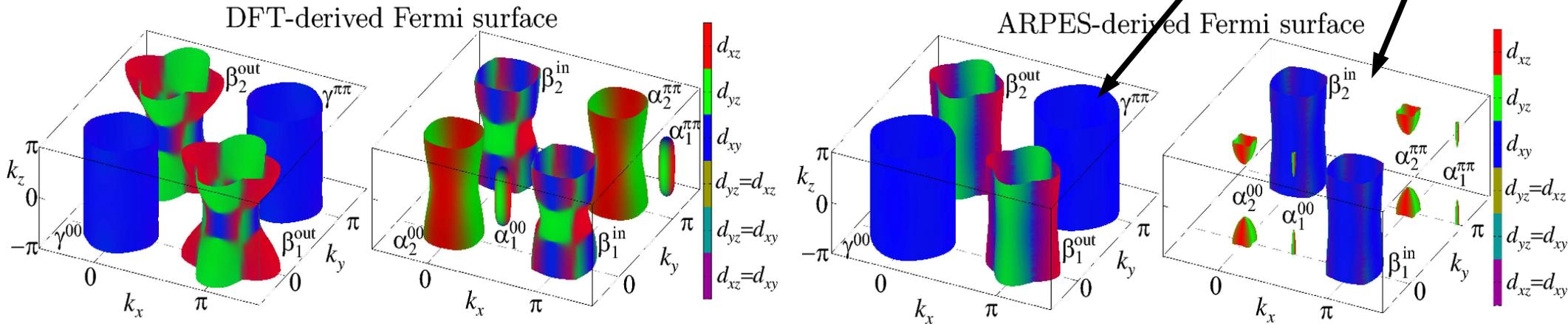
Umezawa *et al.* PRL (2012)

- α pocket: large isotropic gap
- β pockets: “in-phase” gap
- γ pocket: minimum along Fe bond ($\theta=0$)



LiFeAs: Theoretically

- Fermi surface less nested than in other iron SC
naïve: weak instability from spin-fluctuation theory
- Deviations between ARPES and DFT derived Fermi surface



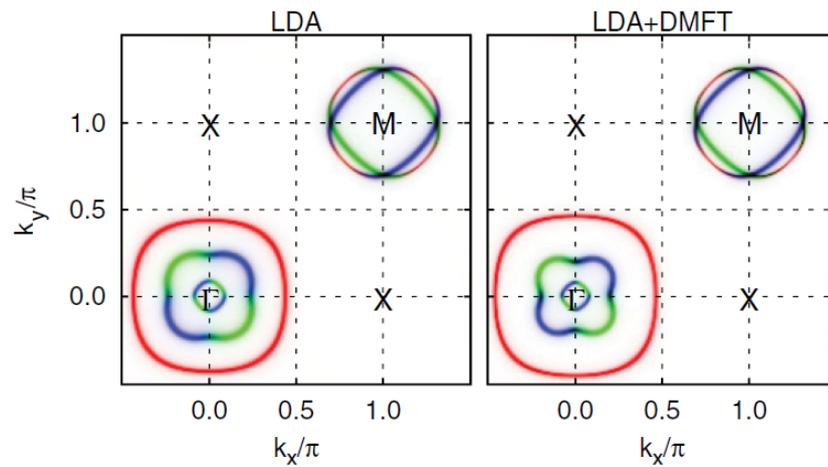
- More correlated than other Fe based SC e.g. 122

- Hole pockets shrink
- Electron pockets unchanged

Yin *et al.* Nat. Mater (2011)

Ferber *et al.* PRB (2012)

FRG calculation: Platt *et al.* PRB (2011)

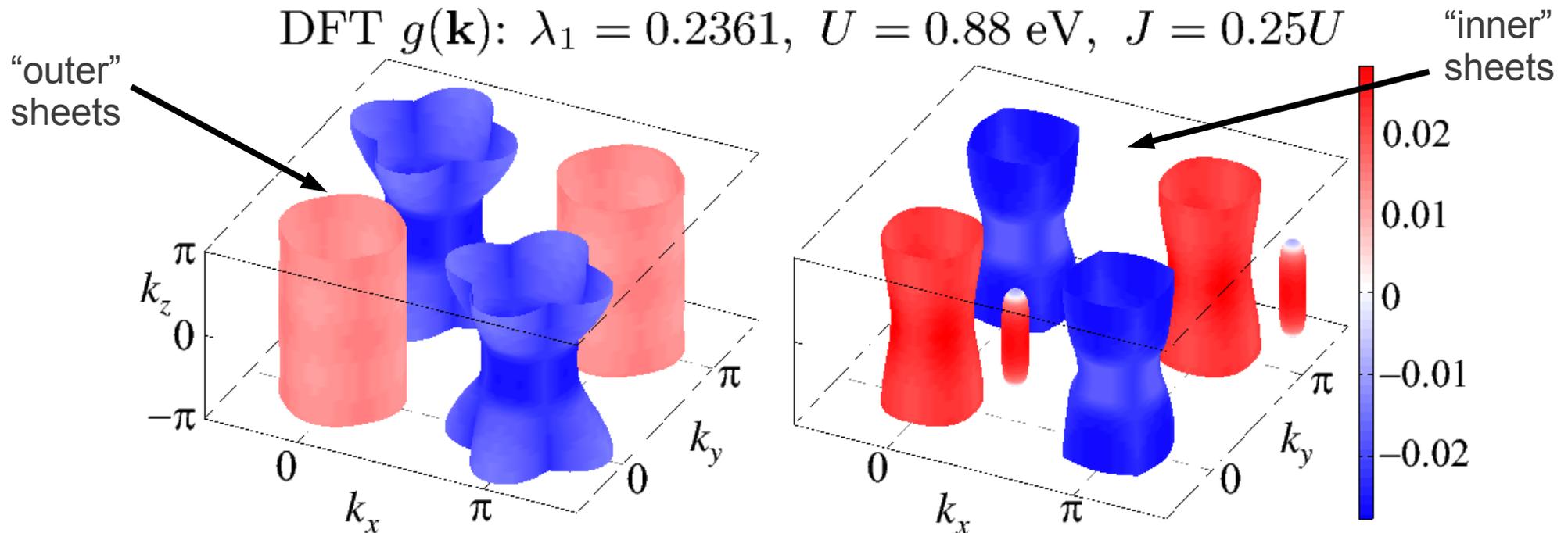


Spin-fluctuation pairing: DFT derived model

- Pairing strength by solution of linearized gap equation

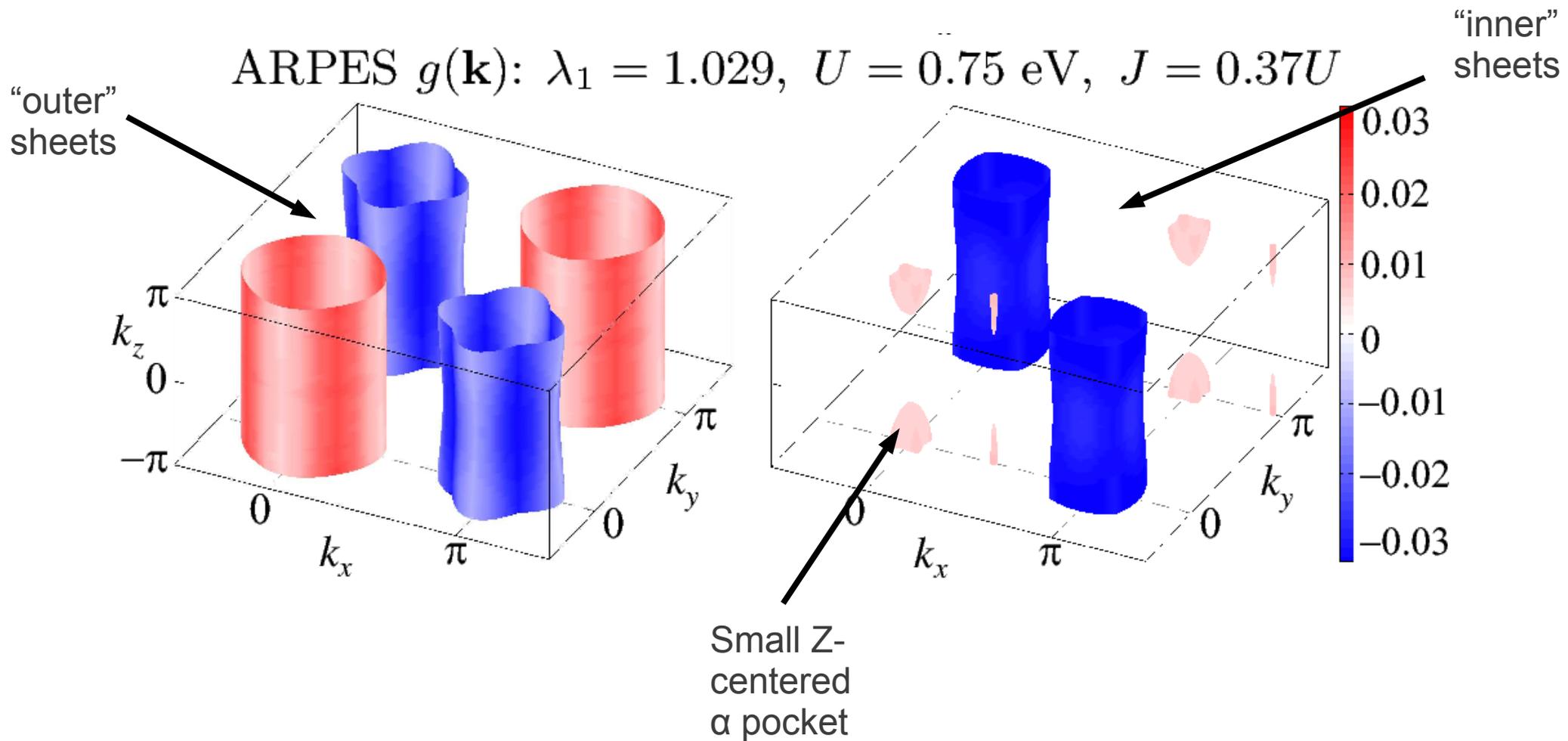
$$-\frac{1}{V_G} \sum_j \int_{\text{FS}_j} \Gamma_{ij}(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}') \frac{g_\alpha(\mathbf{k}')}{|v_{Fj}(\mathbf{k}')|} = \lambda_\alpha g_\alpha(\mathbf{k})$$

← Sampling on 3D Fermi surface
- s+/- wave for interactions close to the instability



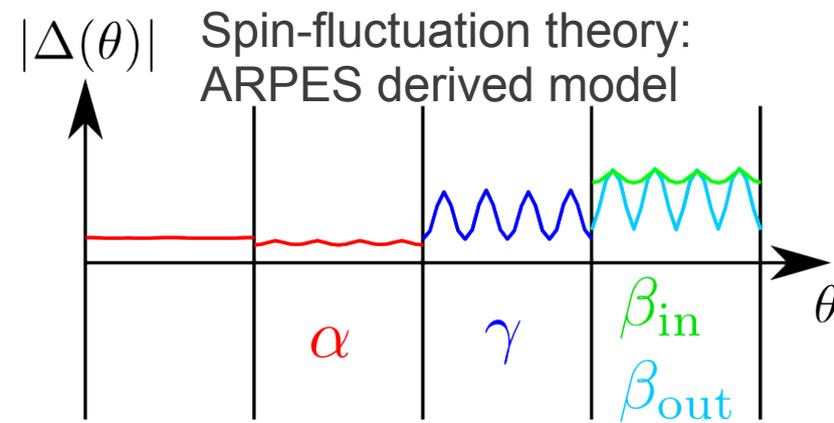
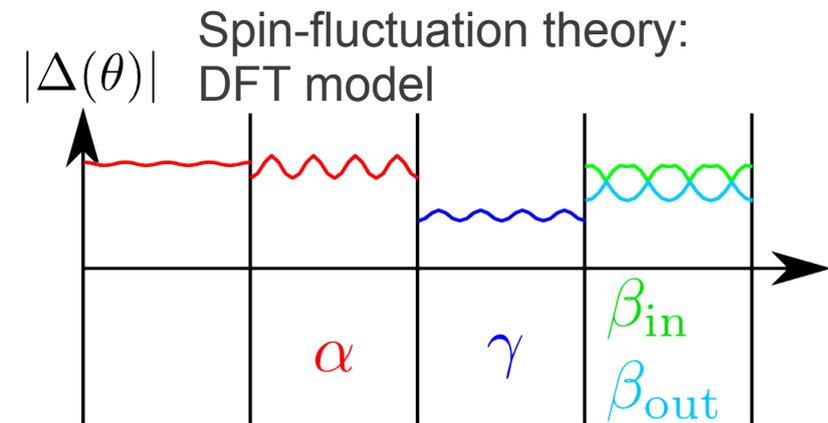
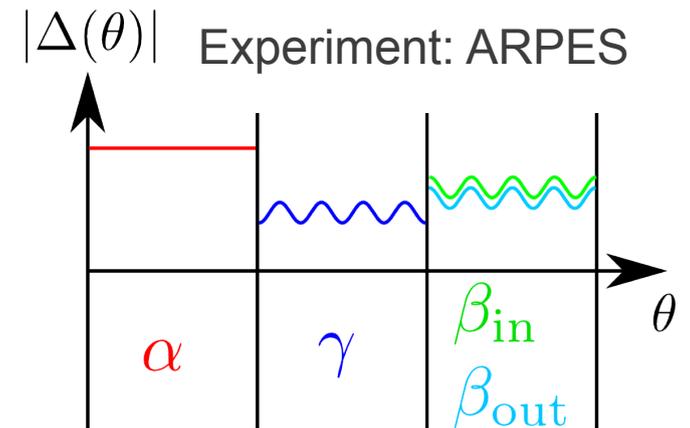
Gapfunction: ARPES fitted tight binding model

- $s\pm/-$ wave for interactions close to instability



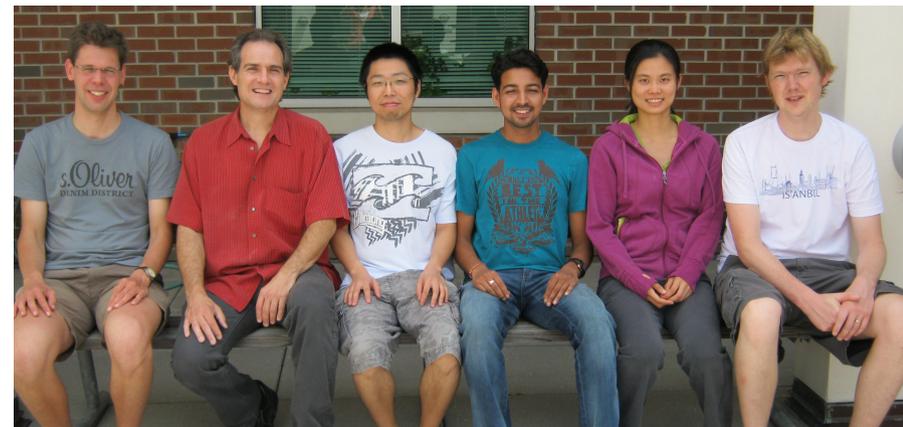
Comparison to experiments

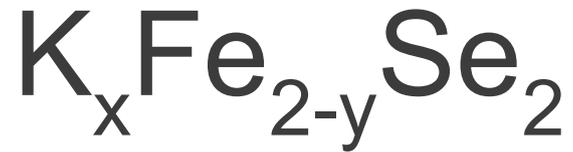
	DFT model	ARPES derived model
Fermi surface	✗ (correlations?)	✓ (fit)
Superconducting gap	s +/-	s +/-
α pockets: large, isotropic	✓	✗
β pockets: intermediate size	✓	✓
“out of phase” oscillation	✗	✓ (at some k_z)
γ pockets: intermediate size	✓	✓
maxima of oscillation along Fe-Fe direction	✓	✓



Conclusions

- Spin fluctuation pairing including 3D scattering
 - Fermi surface in LiFeAs less nested, but sign-changing s-wave gap
 - Gap magnitudes and phases mainly in agreement with results from ARPES experiments
 - ARPES fitted tight binding model: way to include effects of correlations
- Acknowledgments





- Experimentally

- Different phases

- 245 vacancy phase *Ye et al. PRL (2011)*

- Pure SC phases
 $\text{K}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_2\text{Se}_2$, $\text{K}_{0.3}\text{Fe}_2\text{Se}_2$ *Ying et al. JACS (2013)*

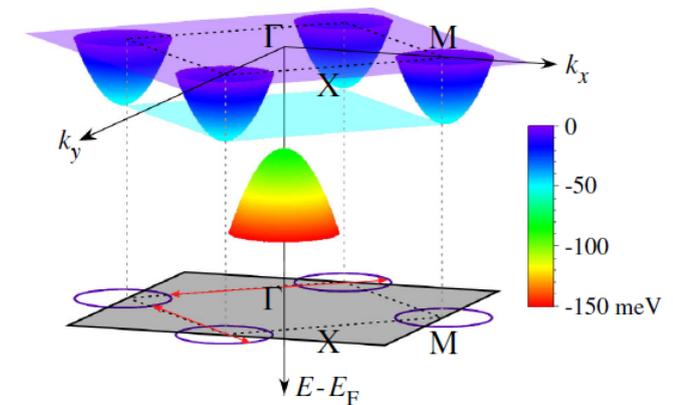
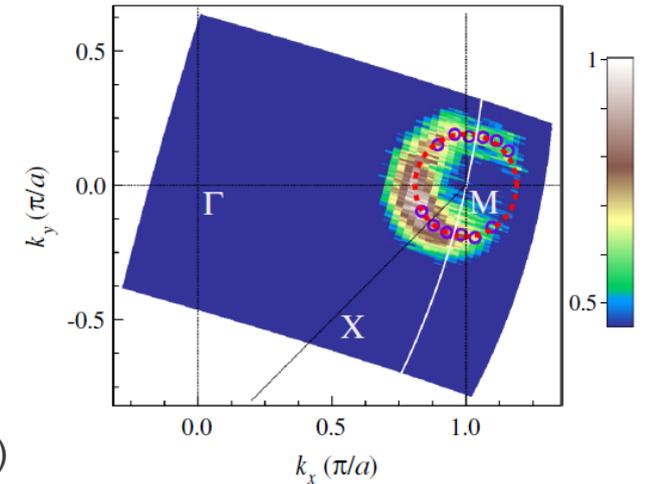
- Absence of hole pocket?

- Evidence for fully gapped SC state

- Specific heat *Zeng et al. (2011)*

- ARPES *Mou et al. (2011)*

- Spin-lattice relaxation in NMR
Ma et al. (2011)



Quian et al. PRL (2011)

$K_xFe_{2-y}Se_2$: Spin-fluctuation pairing

- DFT calculation for KFe_2Se_2
- 5-orbital tight binding fit
- Suppression of hole pockets by adjustment of nearest neighbor hoppings Maier *et al.* PRB (2011)
- Leading instability: d-wave (robust in parameter space)
- Small pockets around Z-point: small density of states: Might not been seen in experiments

