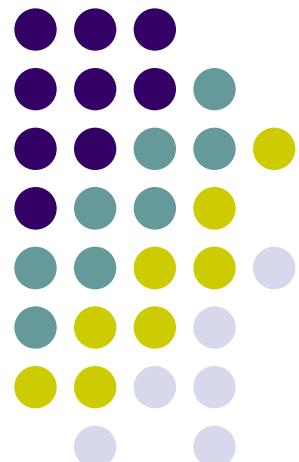


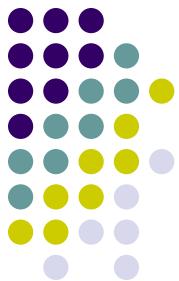
Wang-Landau type Monte Carlo study of crystallization in melts of short semi-flexible polymers

Timur Shakirov

University of Halle



Computational model

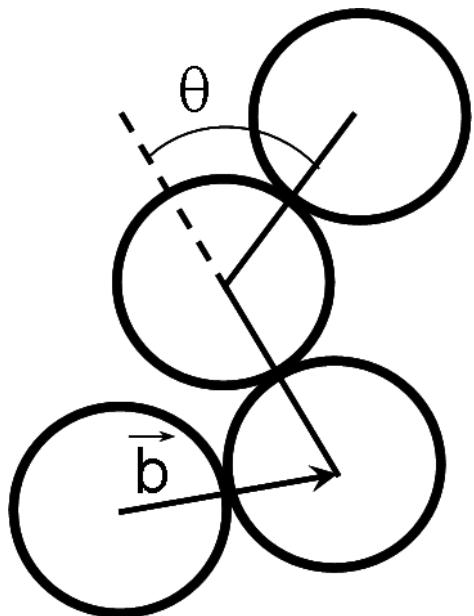


Hard spheres

+

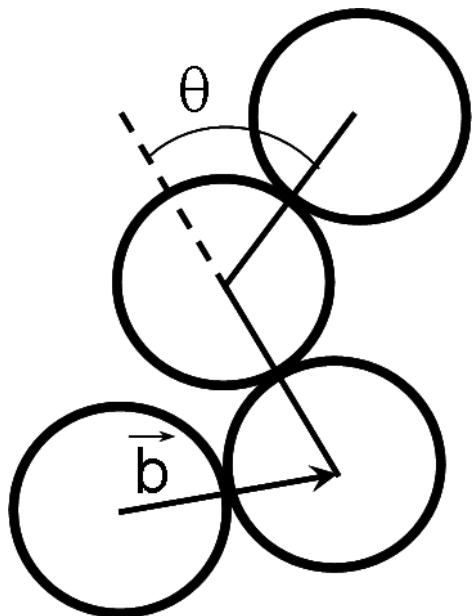
$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$





Computational model



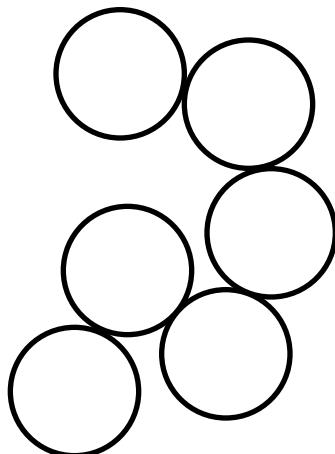
Hard spheres

+

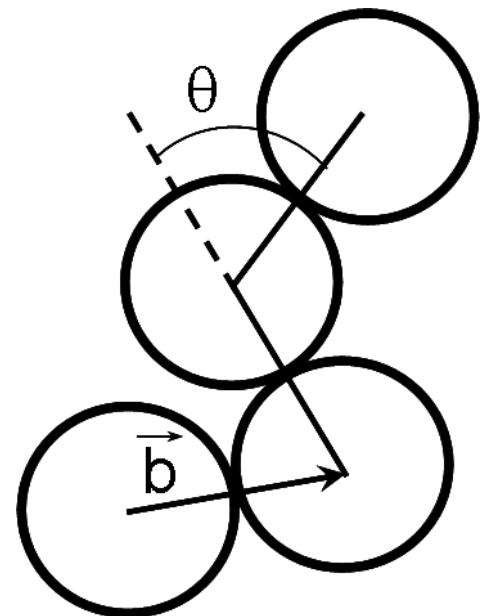
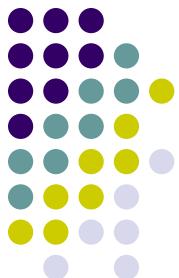
$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$

High Energies



Computational model



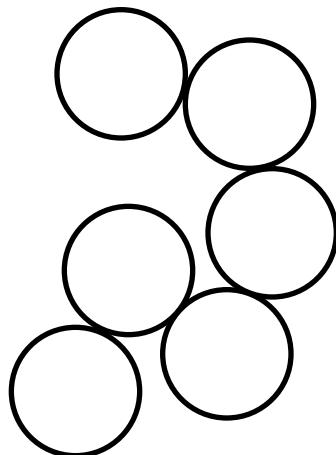
Hard spheres

+

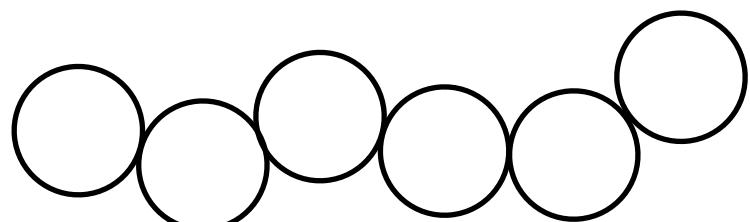
$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$

High Energies

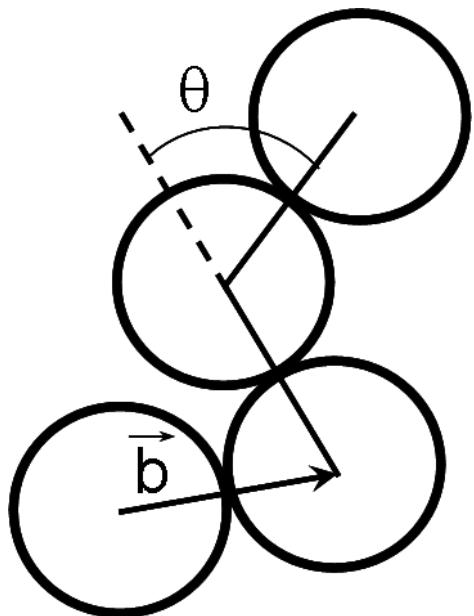


Low Energies





Computational model



Hard spheres

+

$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$

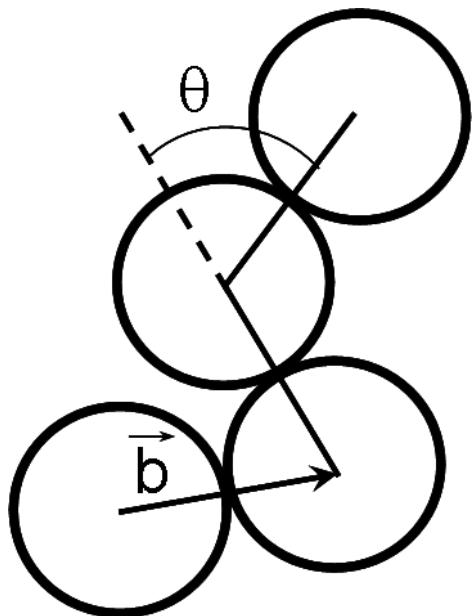
“Ideal” chains

$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$



Computational model



Hard spheres

+

$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$

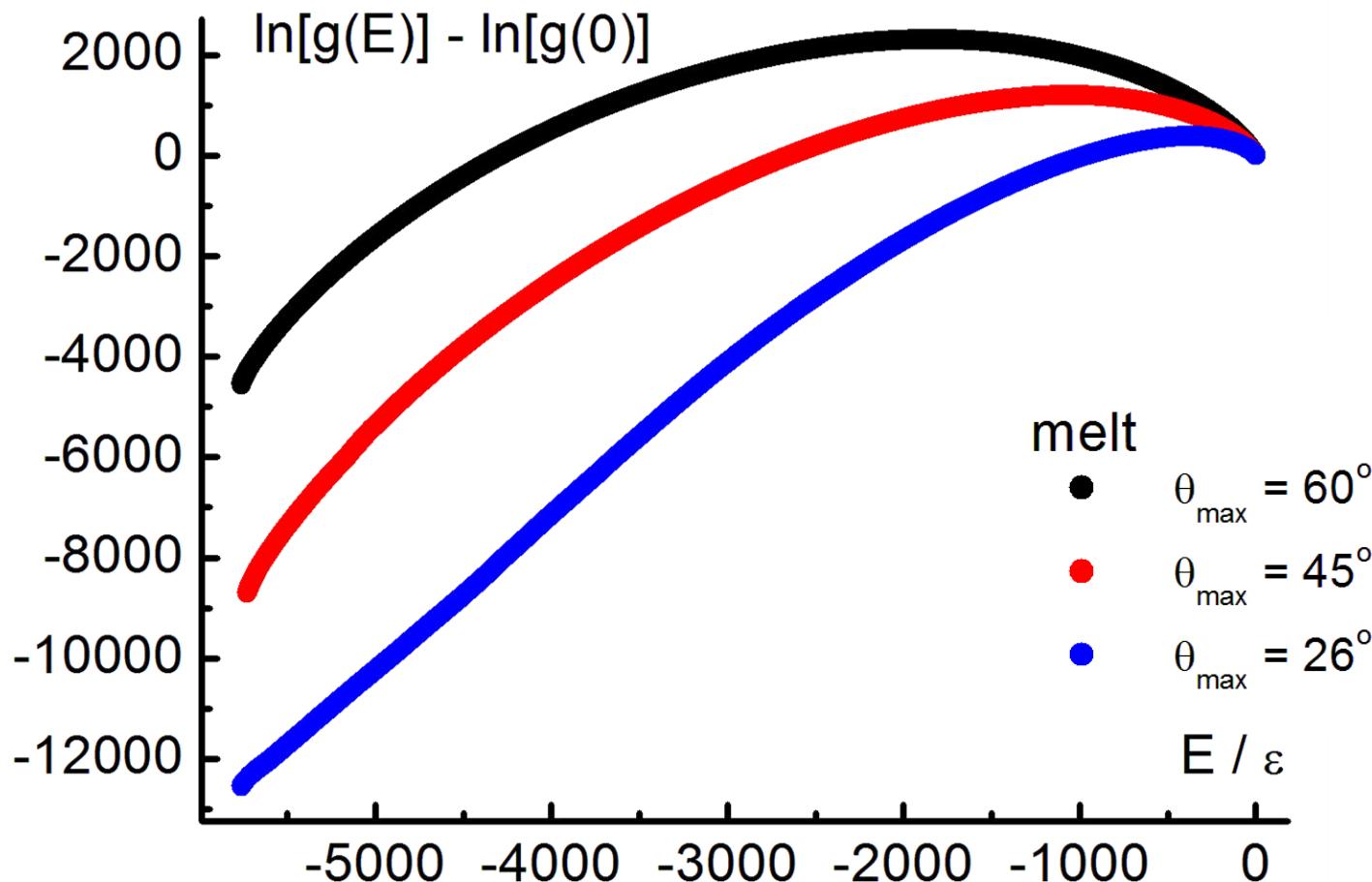
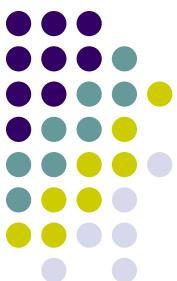
“Ideal” chains

$$U(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\varepsilon & \theta < \theta_{\max} \\ 0 & \theta > \theta_{\max} \end{cases}$$

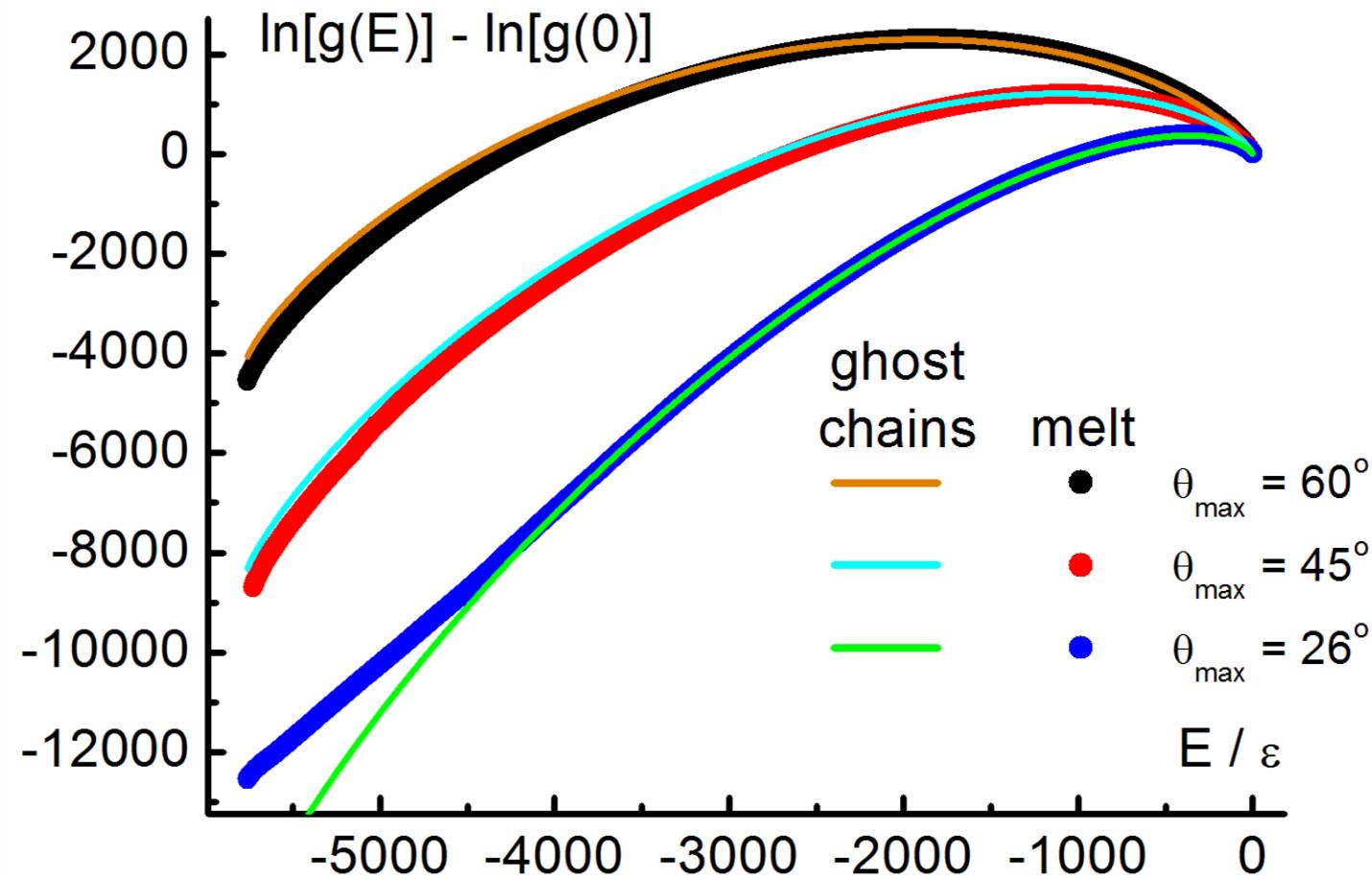
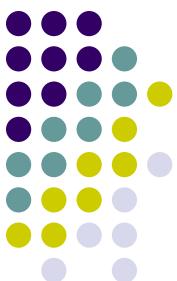
$$\hat{g}(E) \propto \binom{N_E}{|E|} p^{|E|} (1-p)^{N_E - |E|}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 120^\circ$$

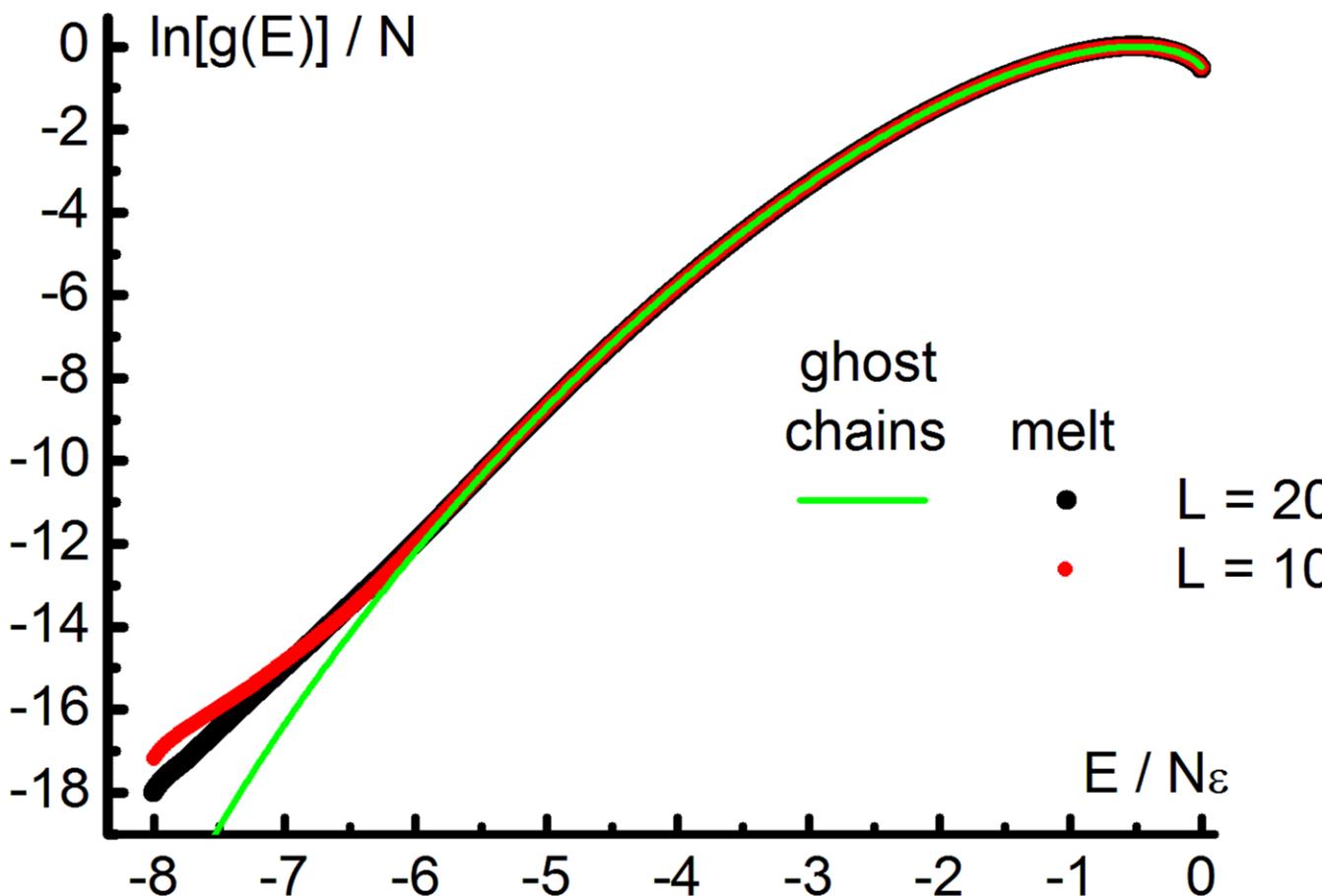
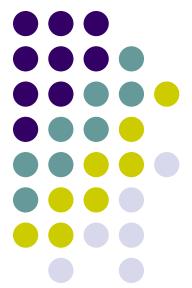
Density of states



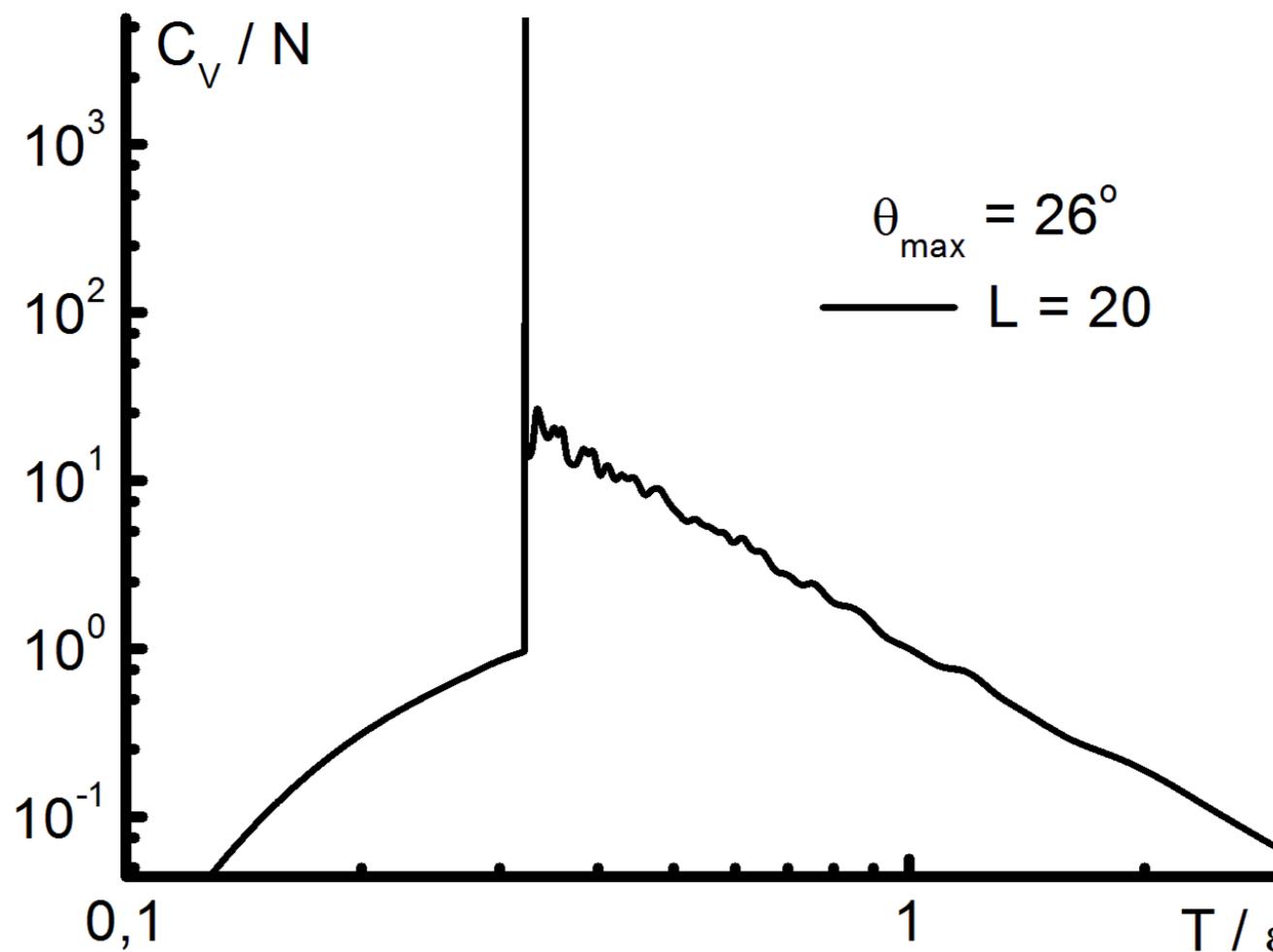
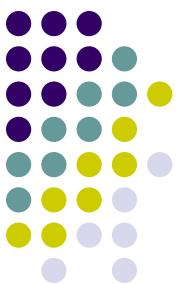
Density of states



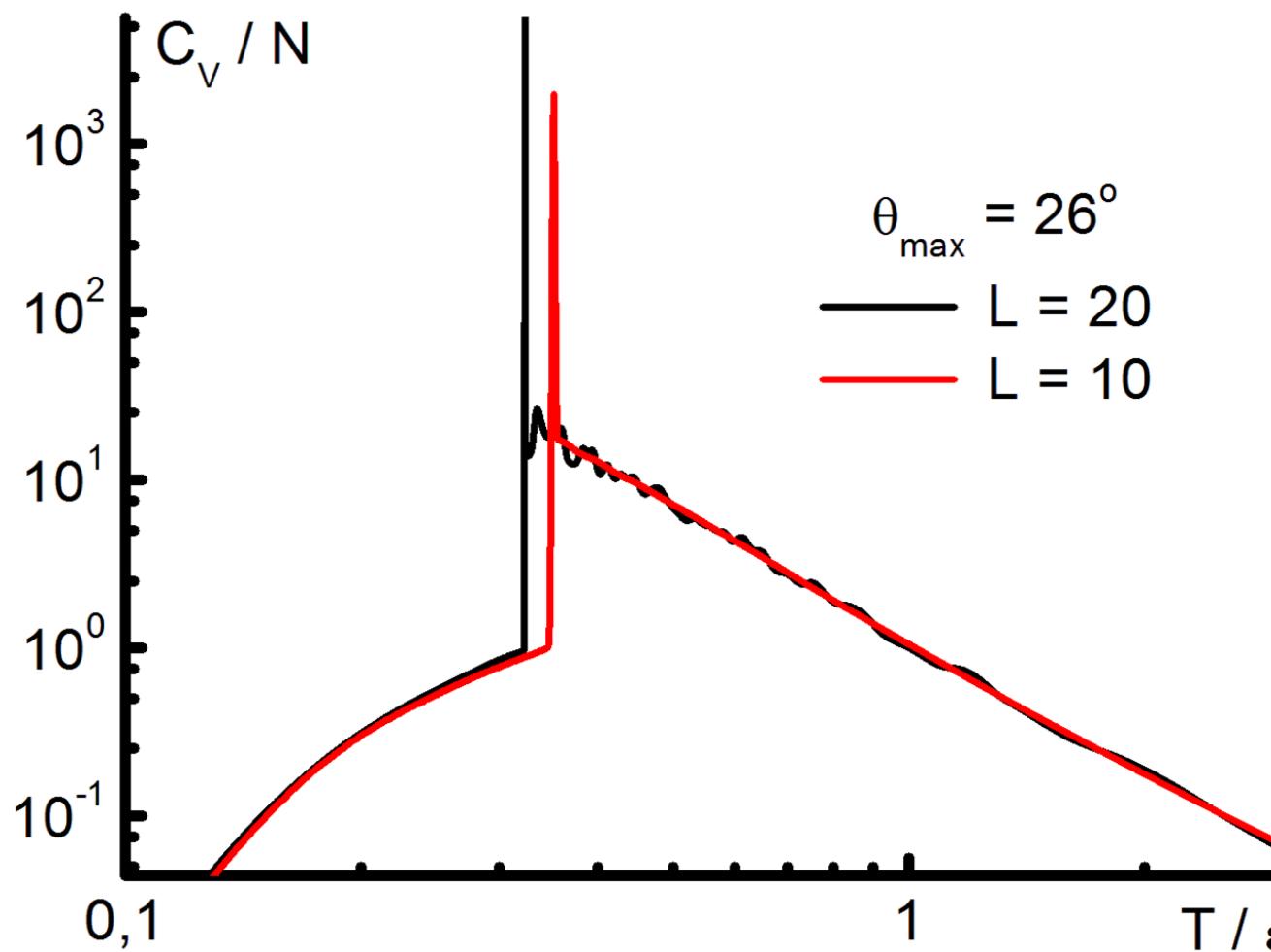
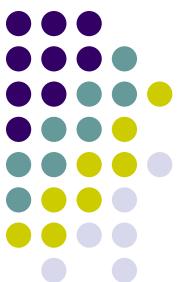
Density of states. Stiff chains



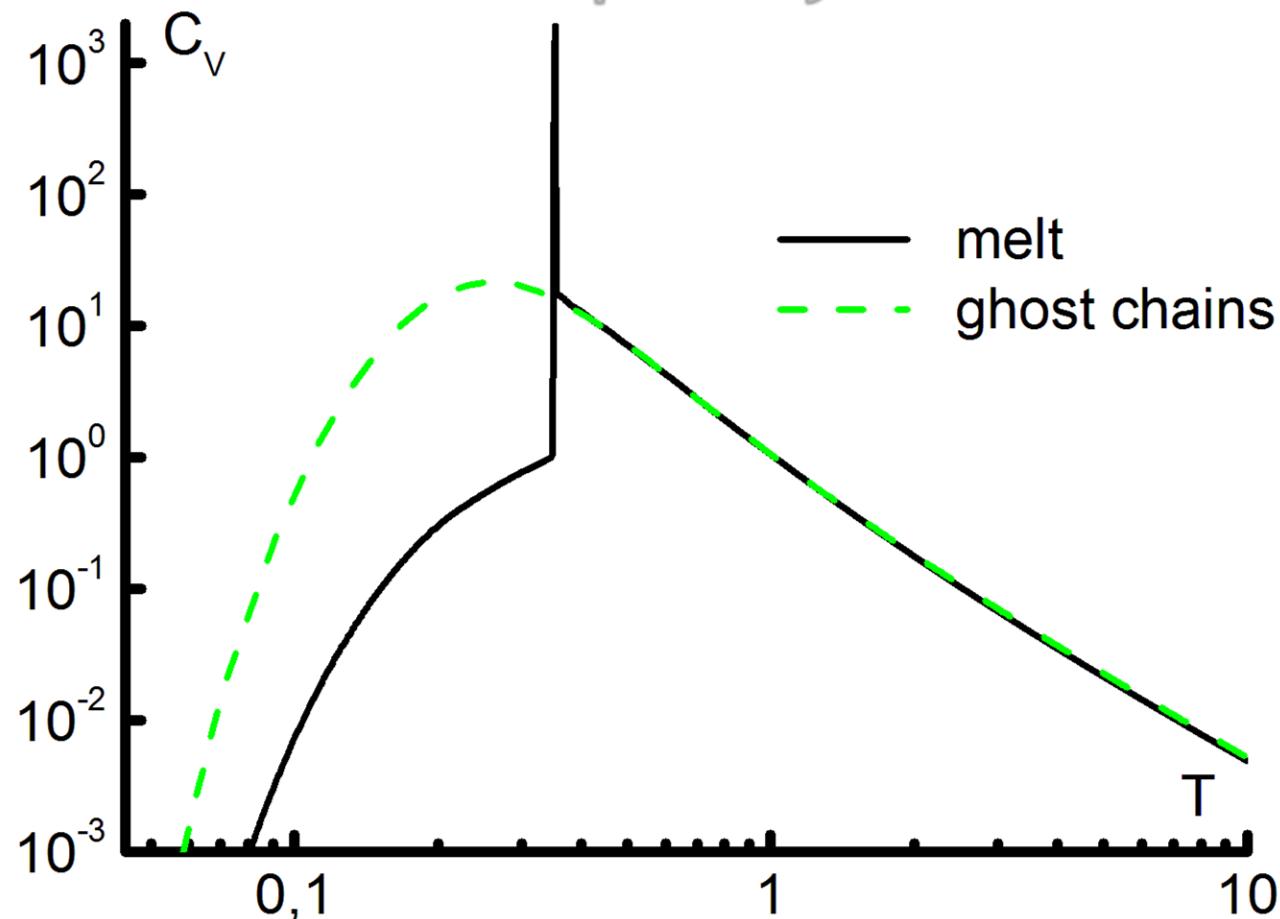
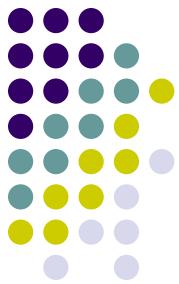
Size effects. Heat capacity



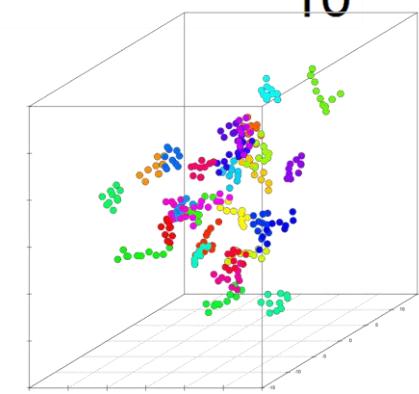
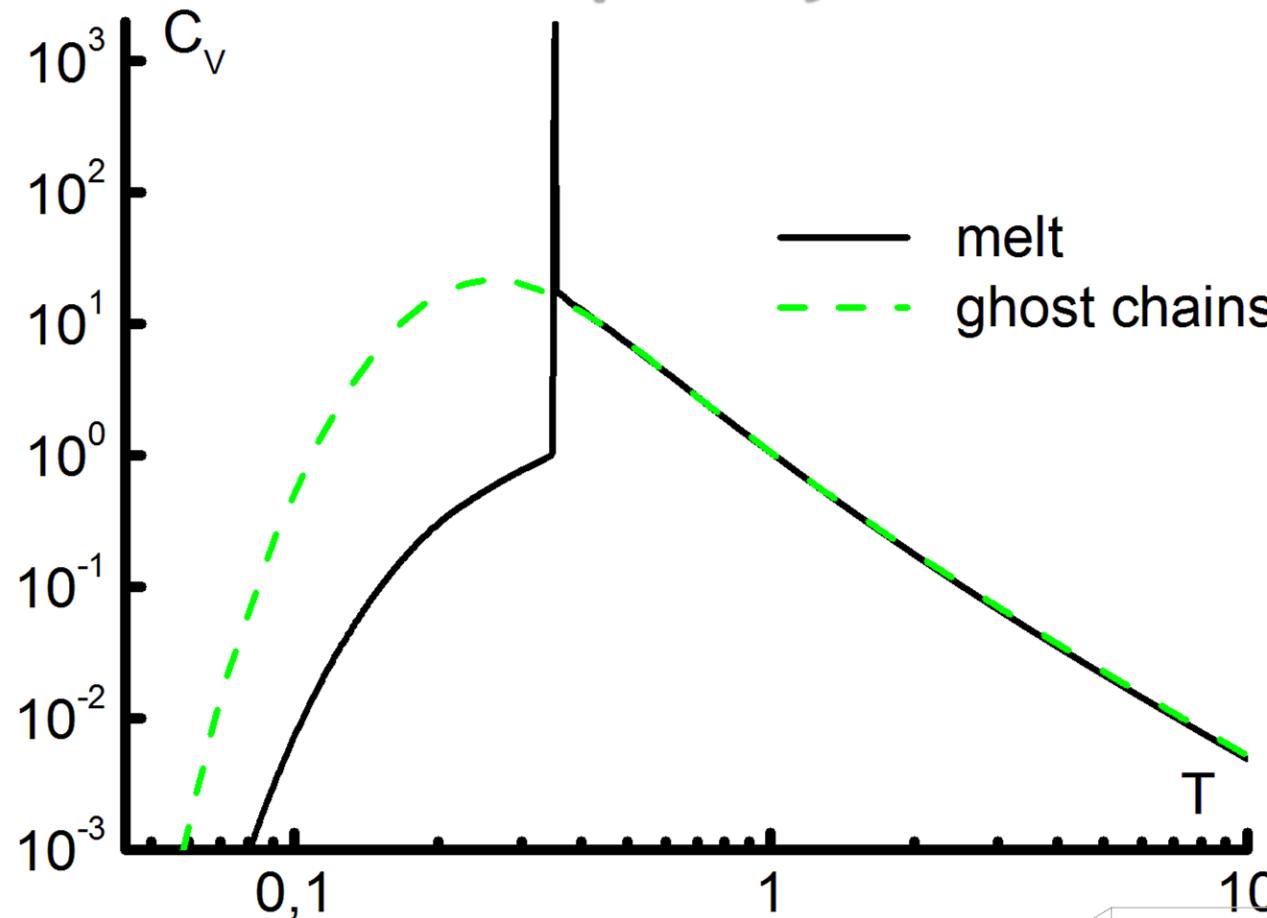
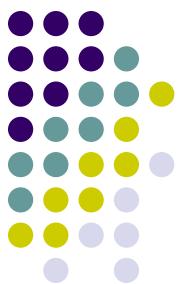
Size effects. Heat capacity



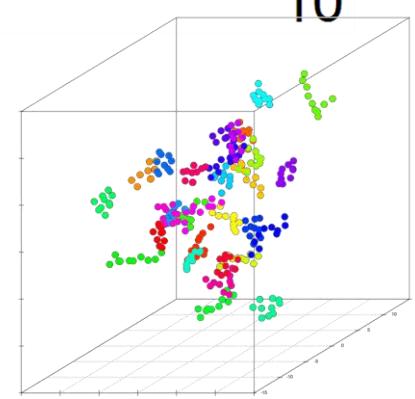
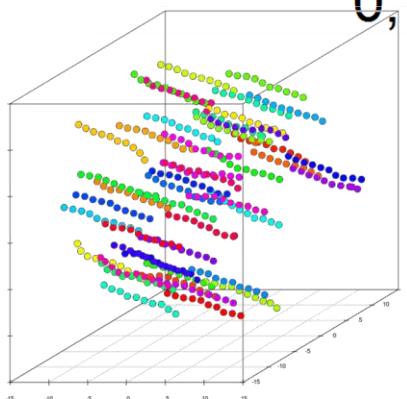
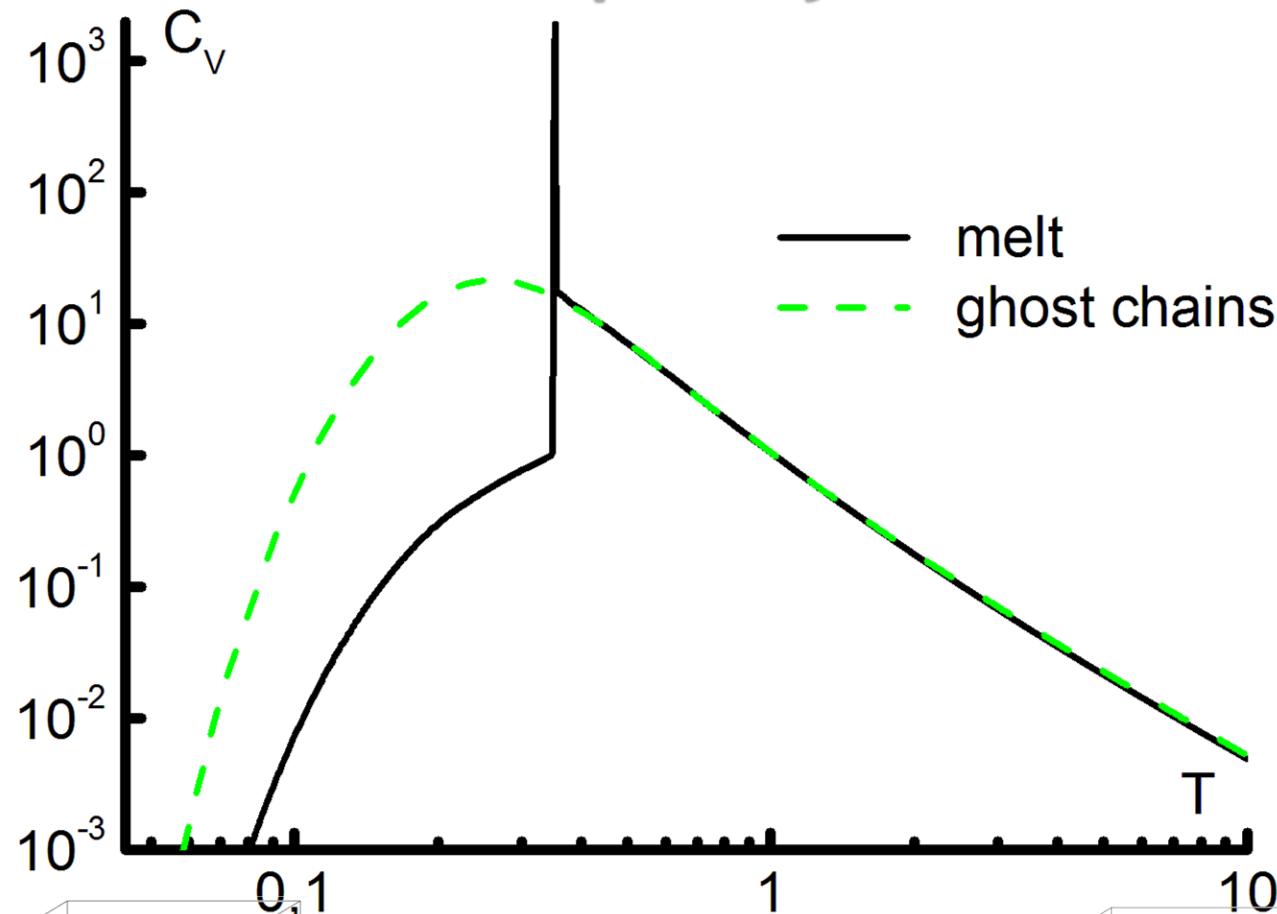
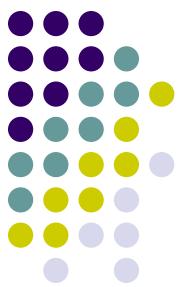
Heat capacity

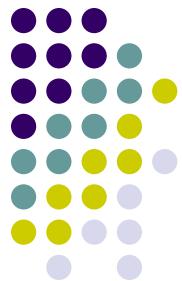


Heat capacity



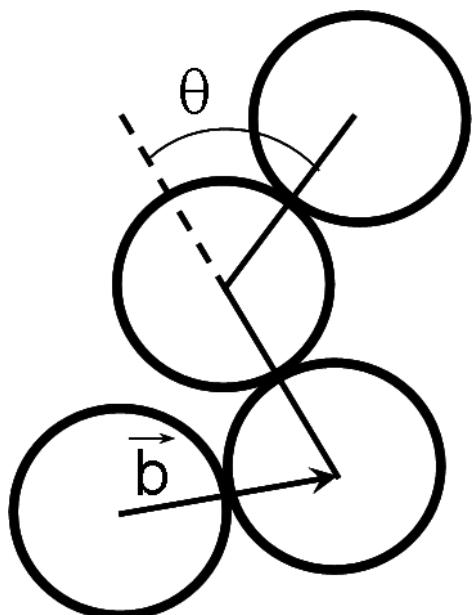
Heat capacity





Order parameter. Definition

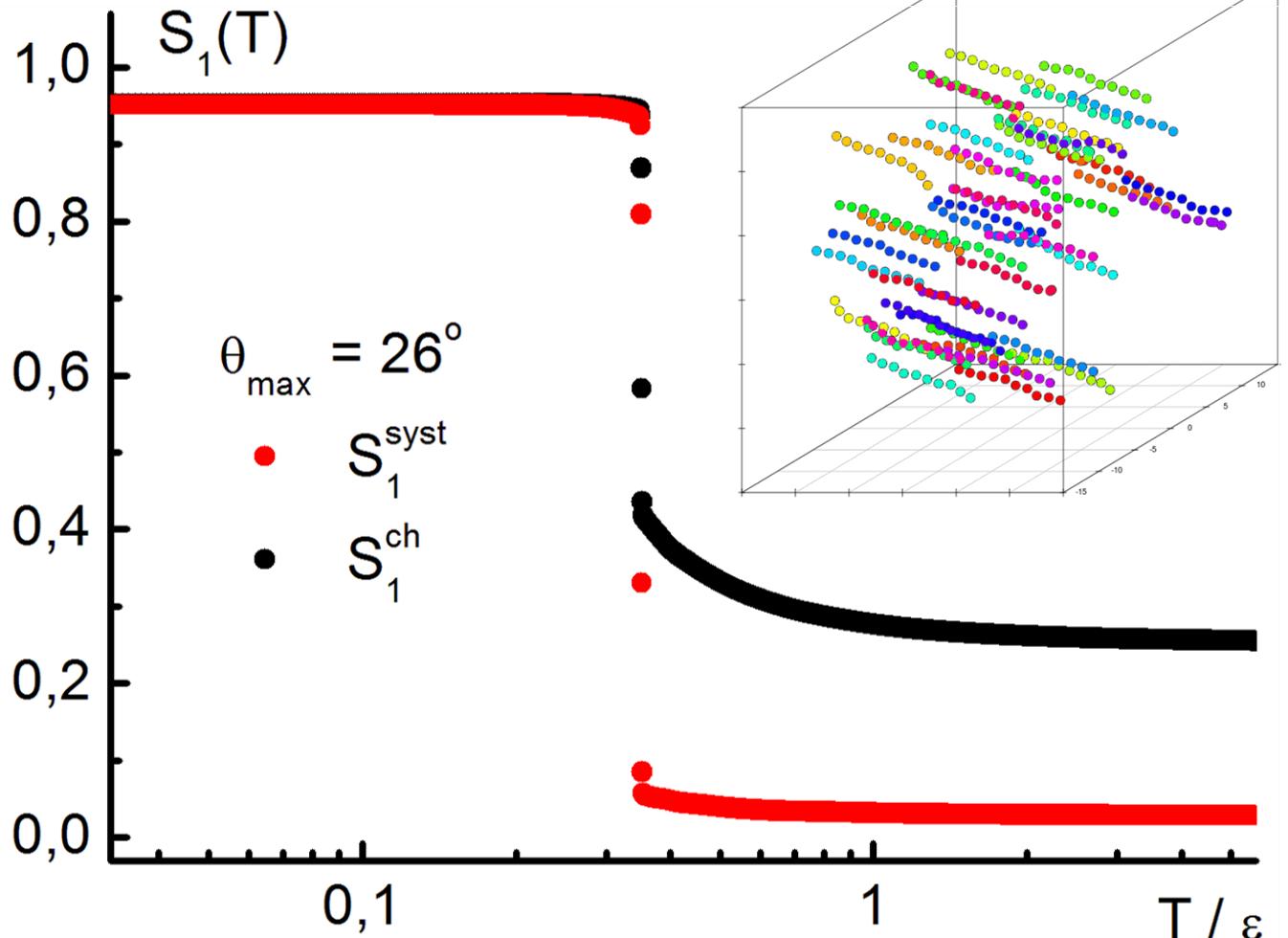
$$Q_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i \frac{3b_{i\alpha}b_{i\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\beta}}{2}$$



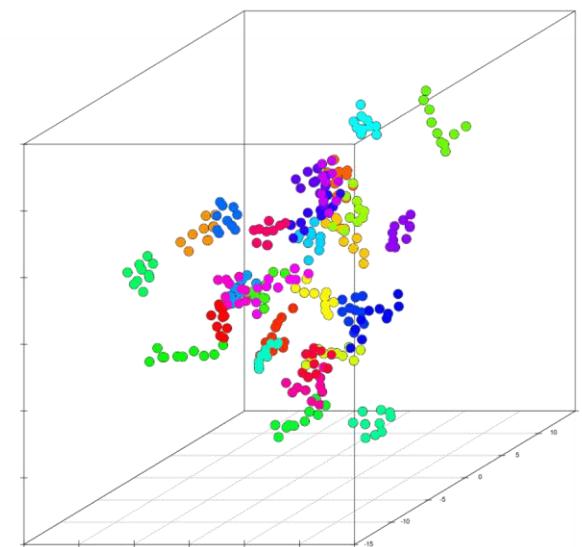
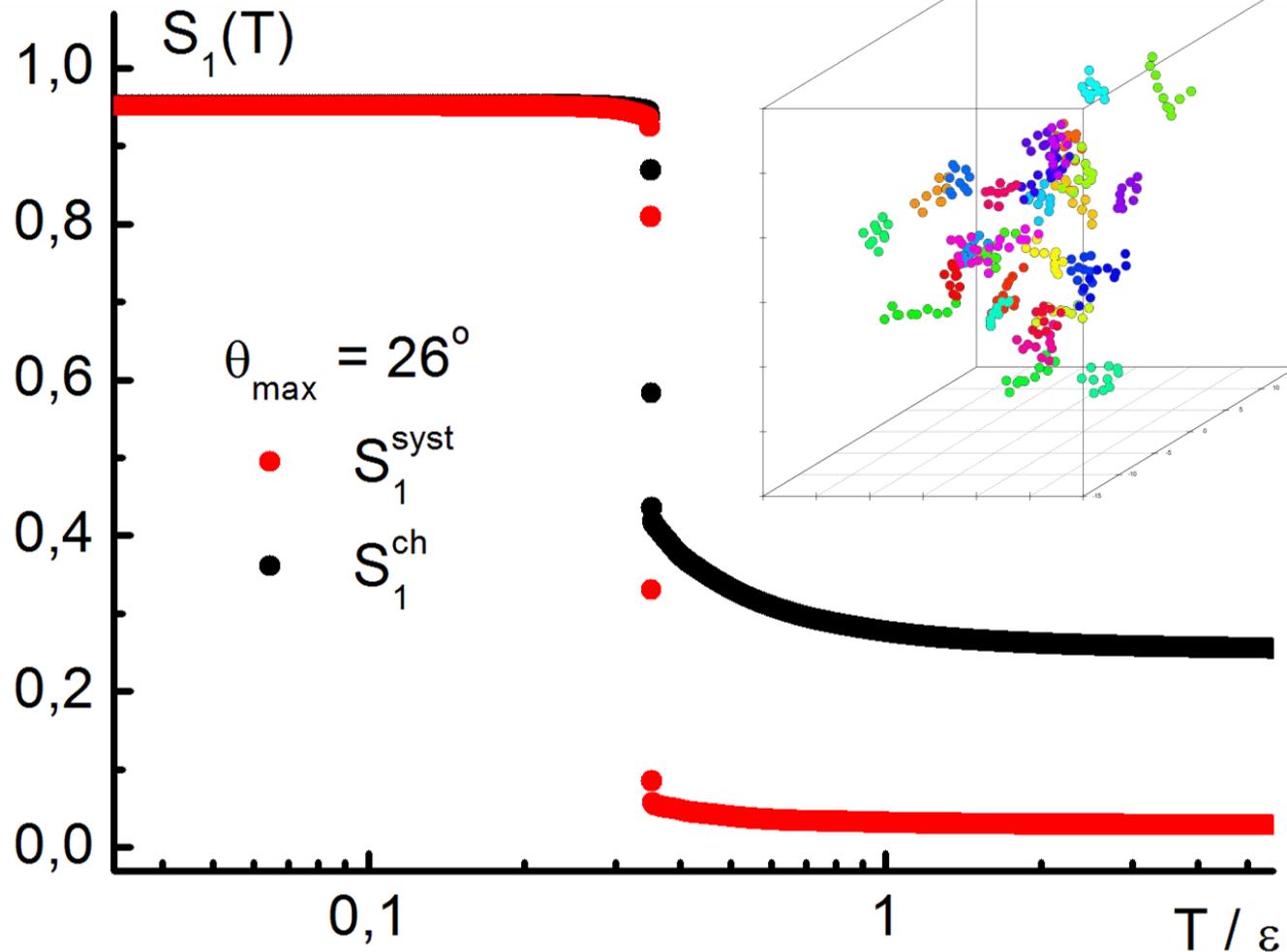
$$S_1 = \max(\det(Q_{\alpha\beta} - S_i \delta_{\alpha\beta}) = 0)$$



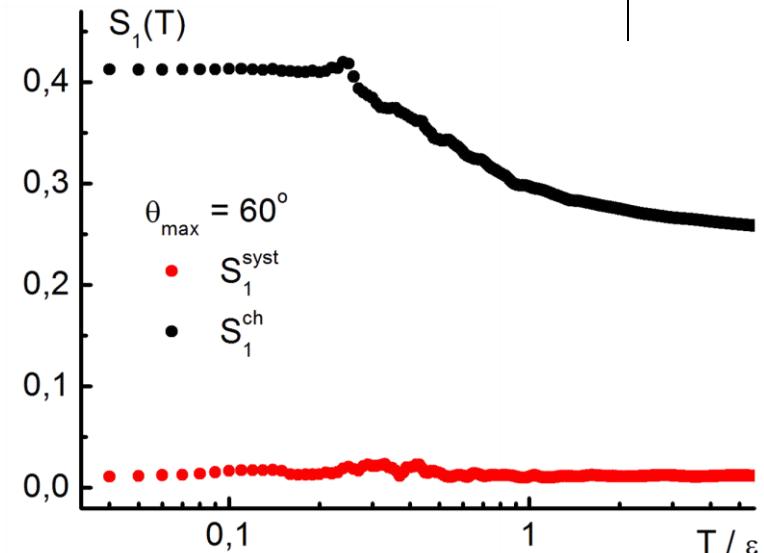
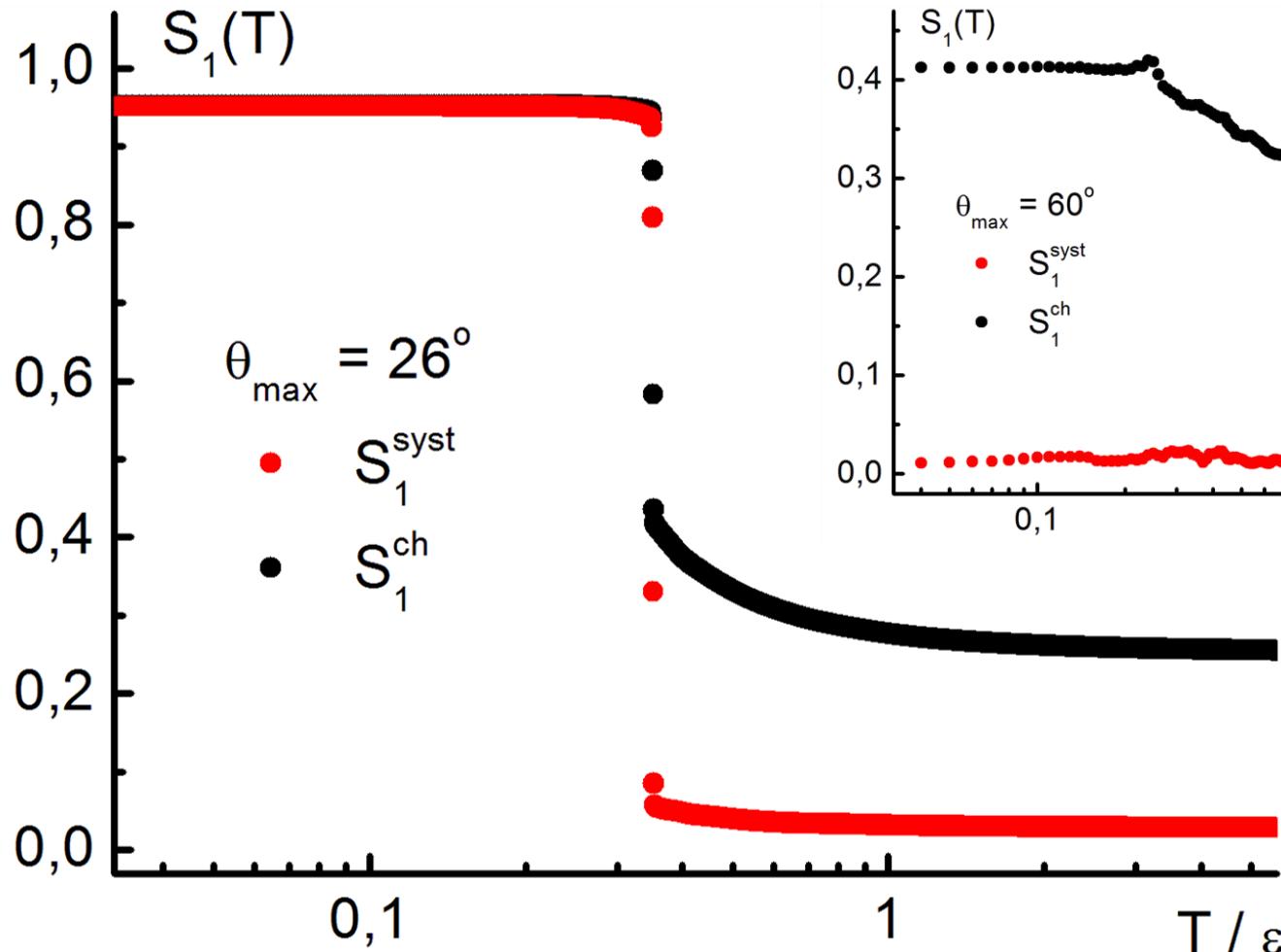
Order parameter. Temperature dependence



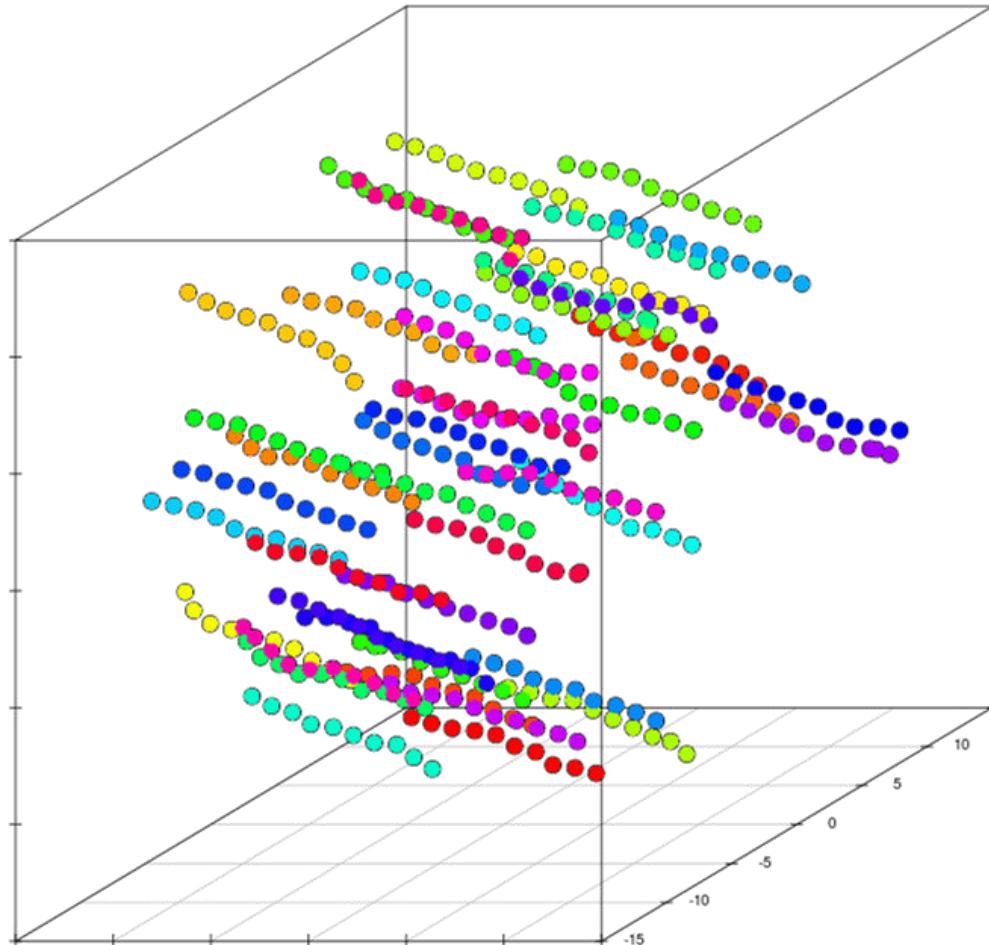
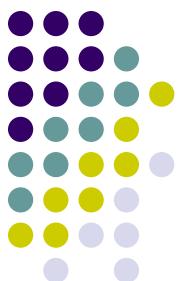
Order parameter. Temperature dependence



Order parameter. Temperature dependence



Order parameter and density distribution



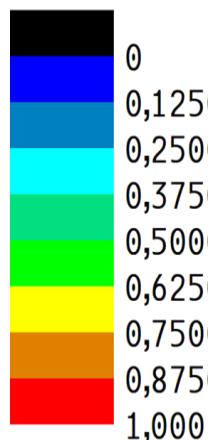
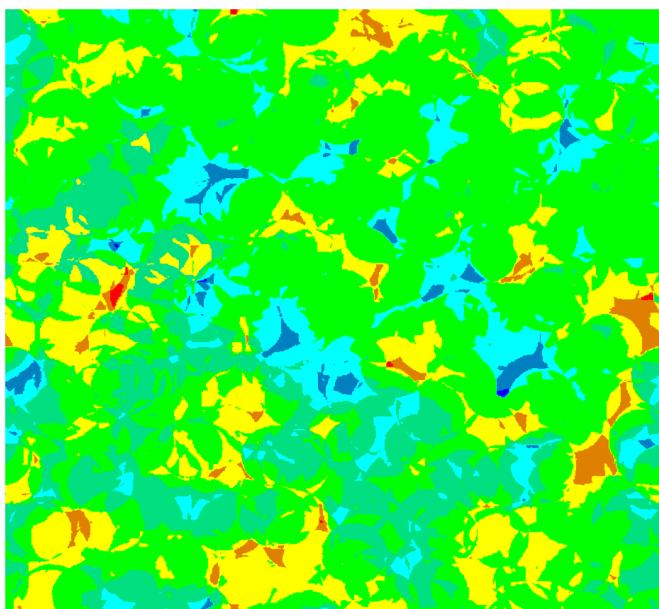
$$|(\vec{n}_S \cdot \vec{b})|$$

$$\vec{n}_S$$

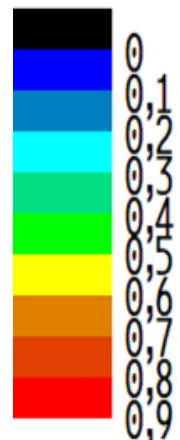
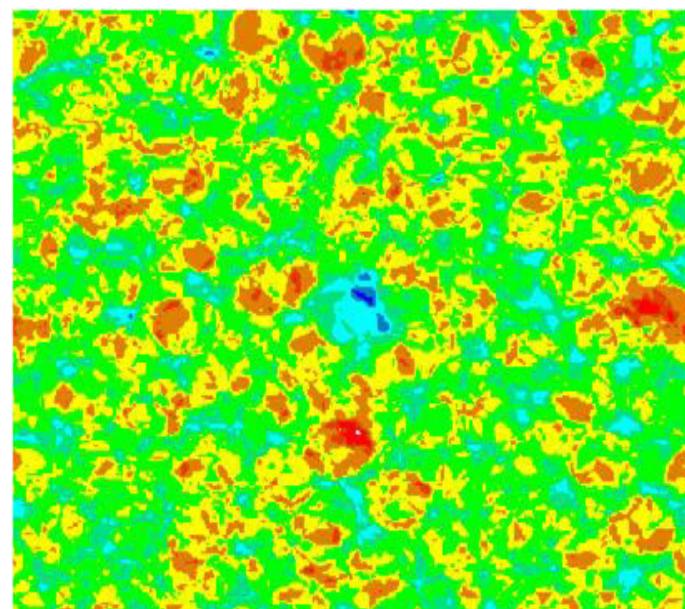


Order parameter and density distributions. High energies

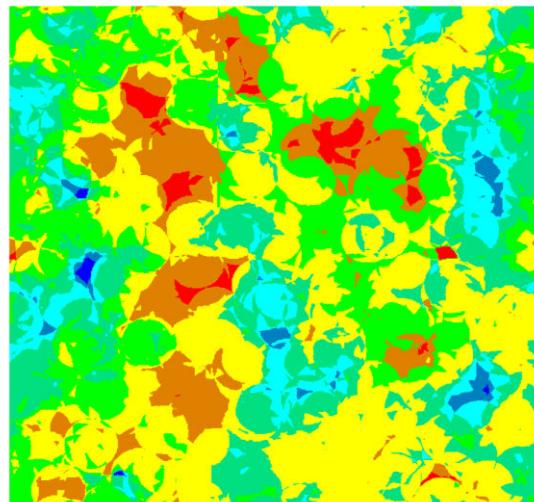
Orientation



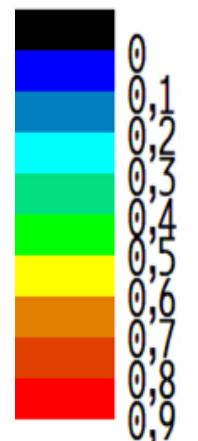
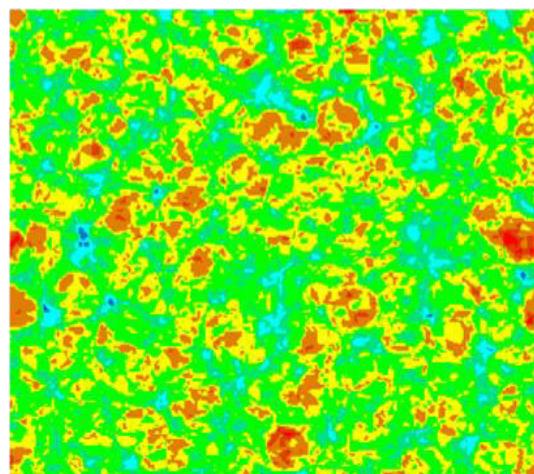
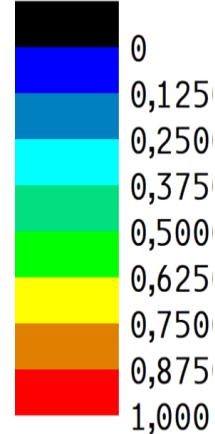
Density



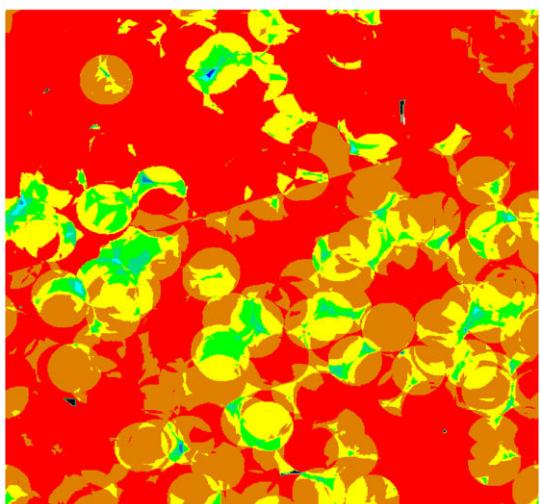
Order parameter and density distributions. Phase transition



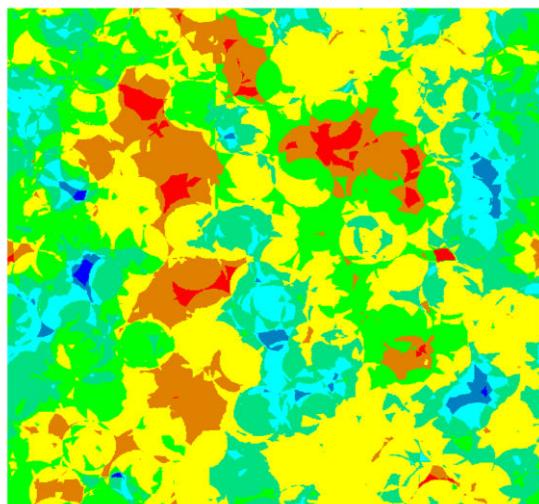
$E = -517$



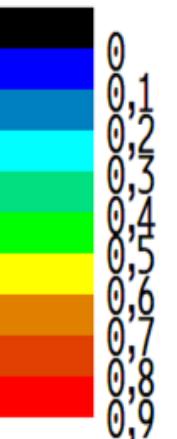
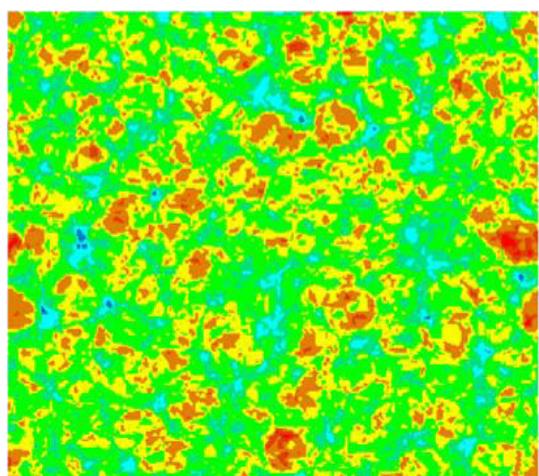
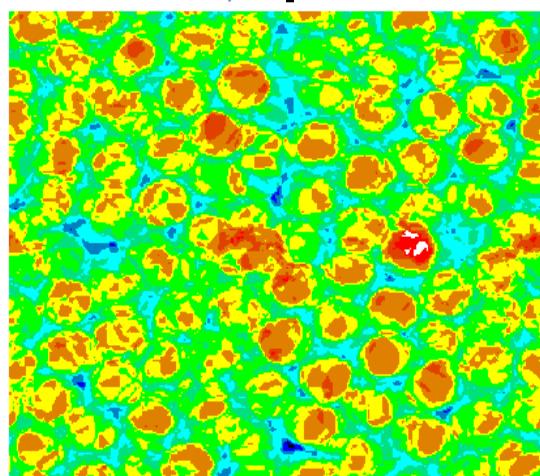
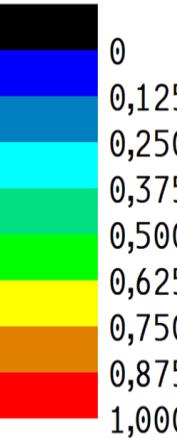
Order parameter and density distributions. Phase transition



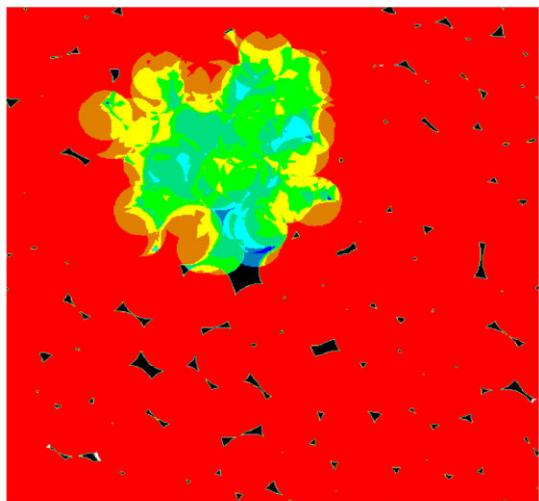
$E = -604$



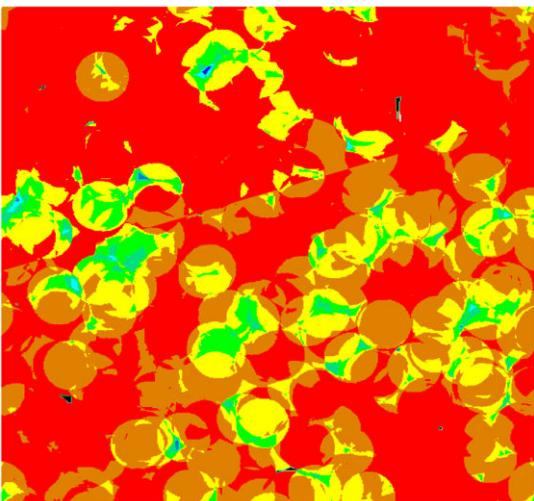
$E = -517$



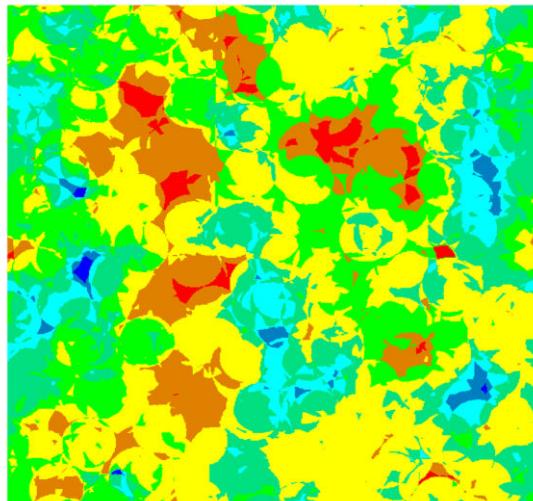
Order parameter and density distributions. Phase transition



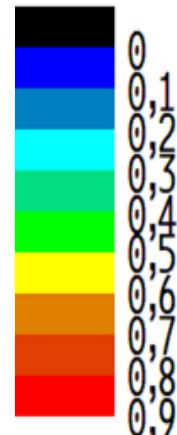
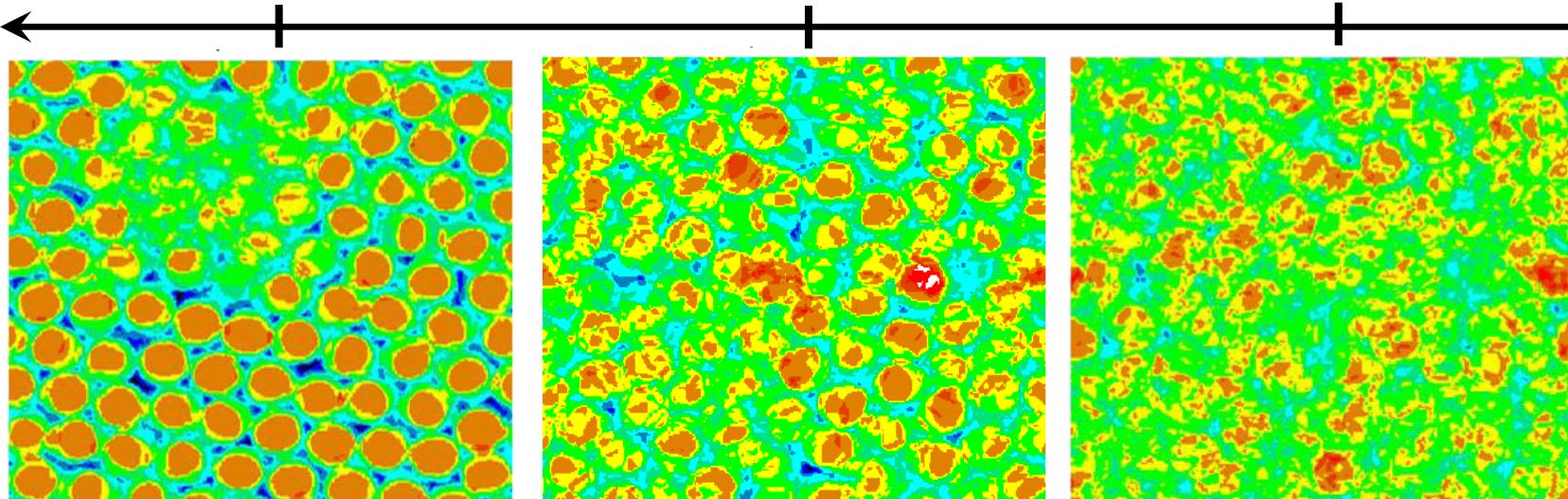
$E = -651$



$E = -604$



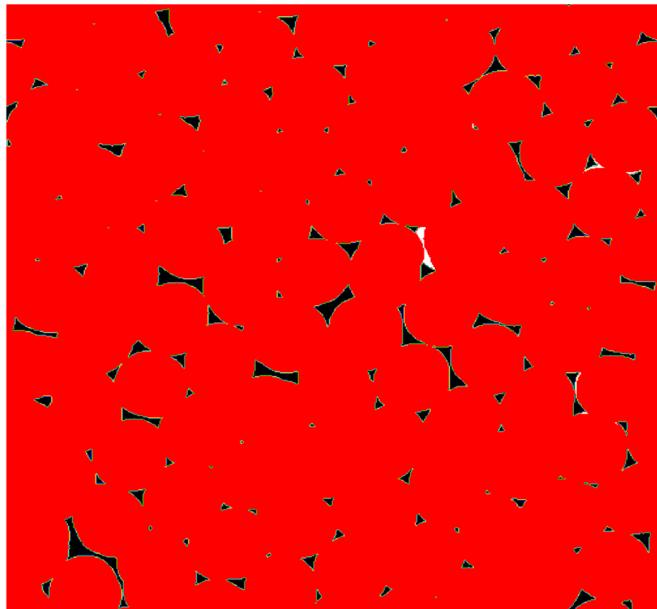
$E = -517$



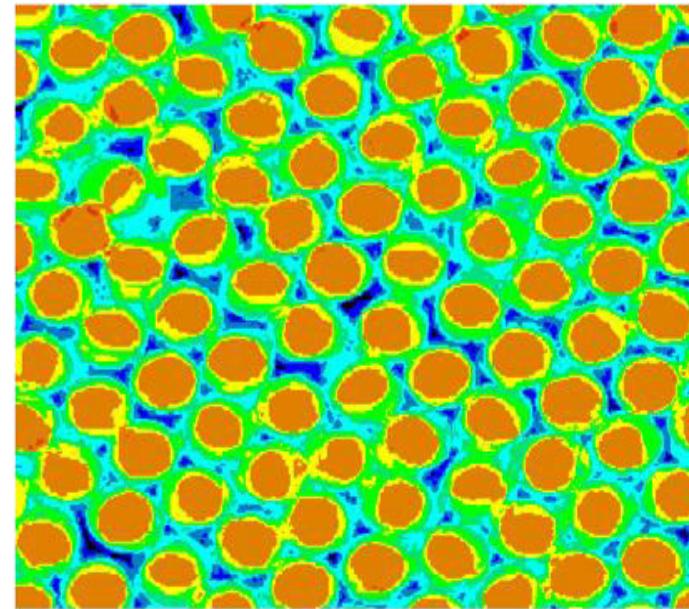
Order parameter and density distributions. Low energies



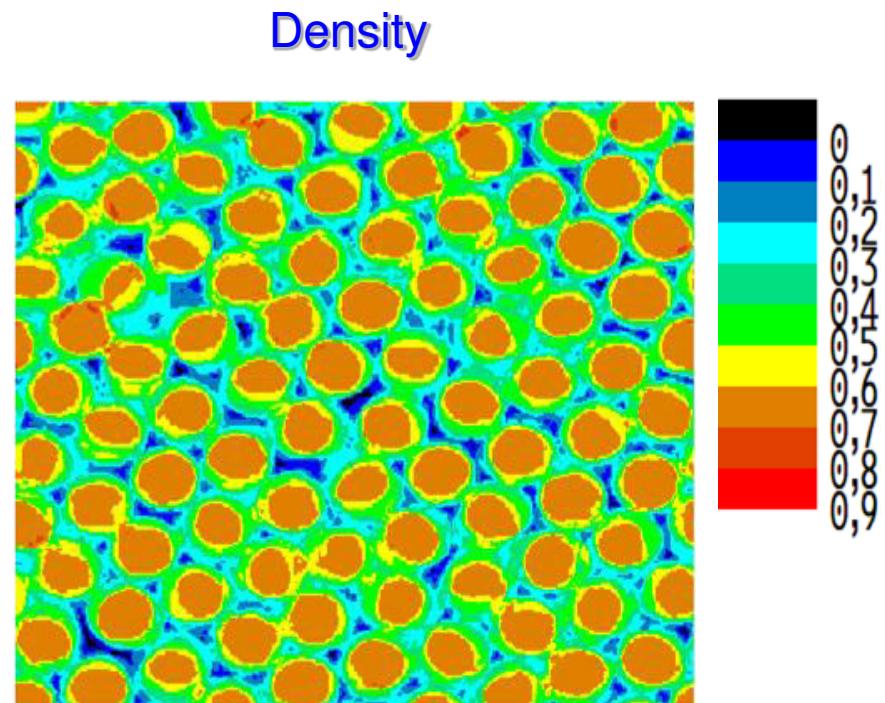
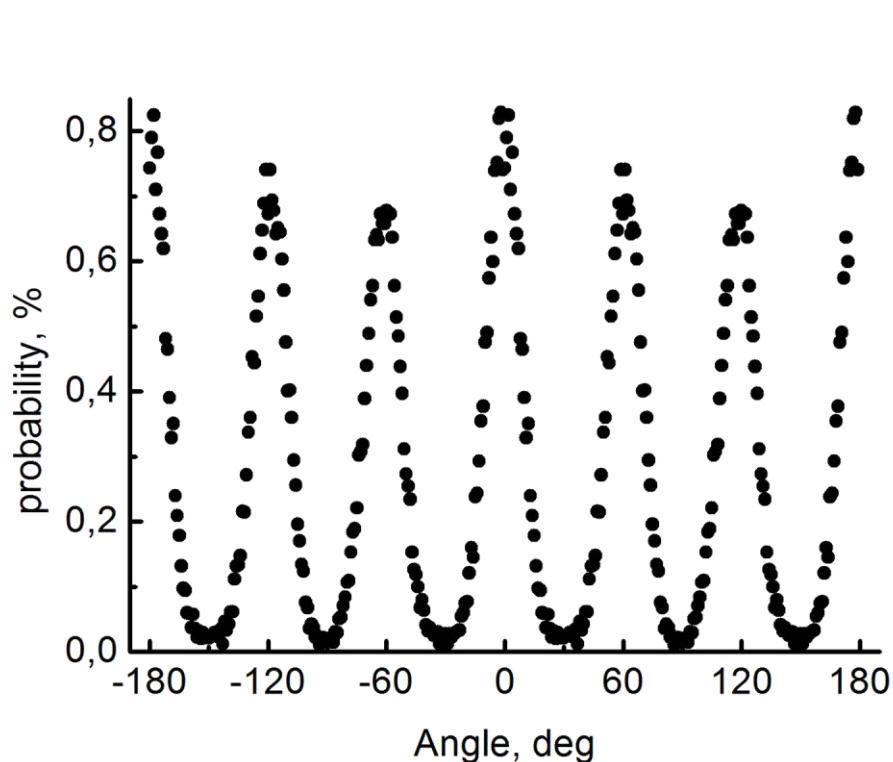
Orientation



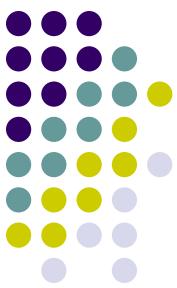
Density



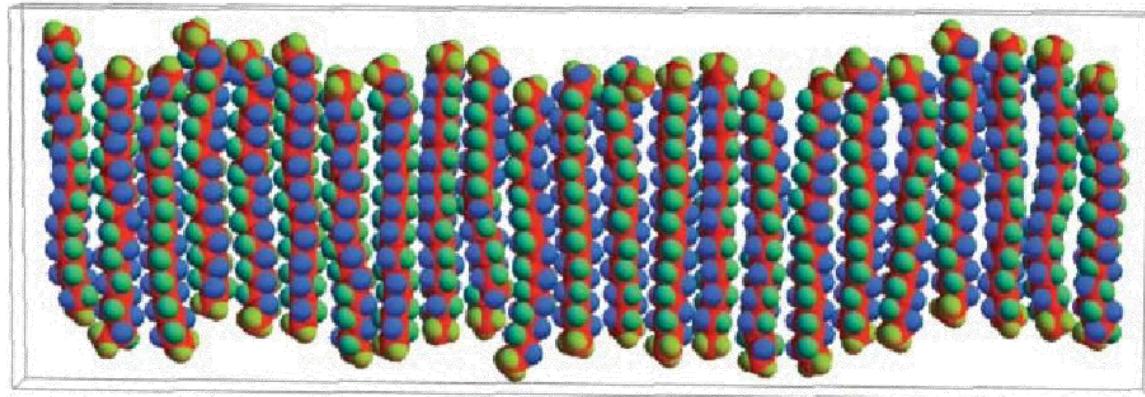
Order parameter and density distributions. Low energies



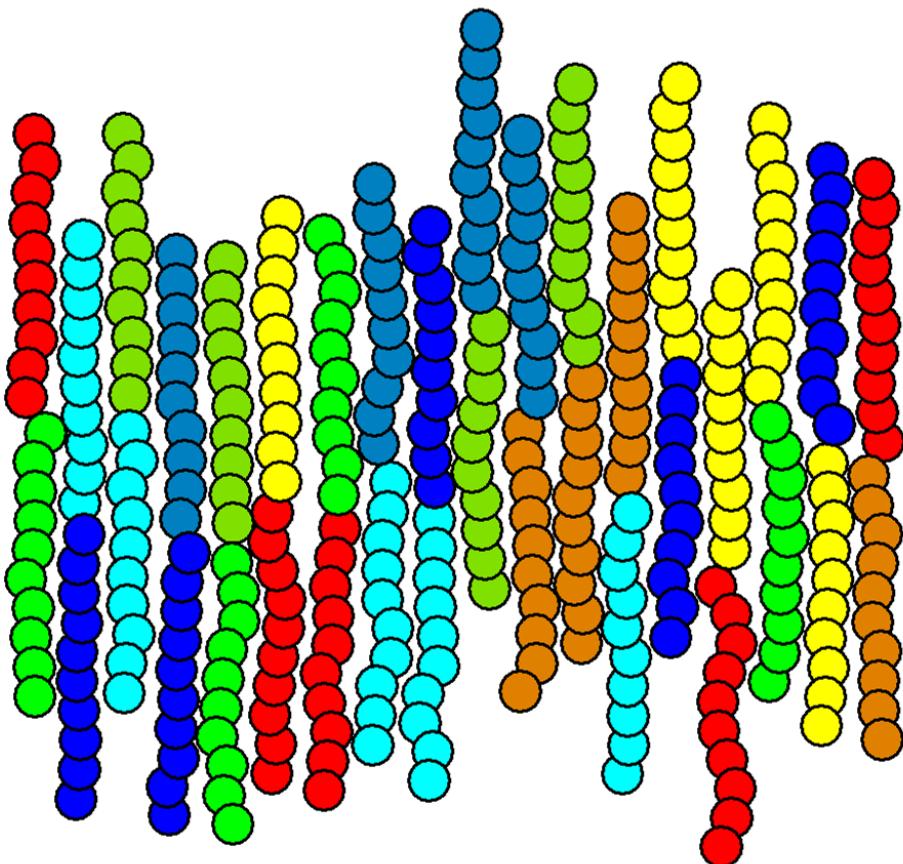
Rotator-like phase



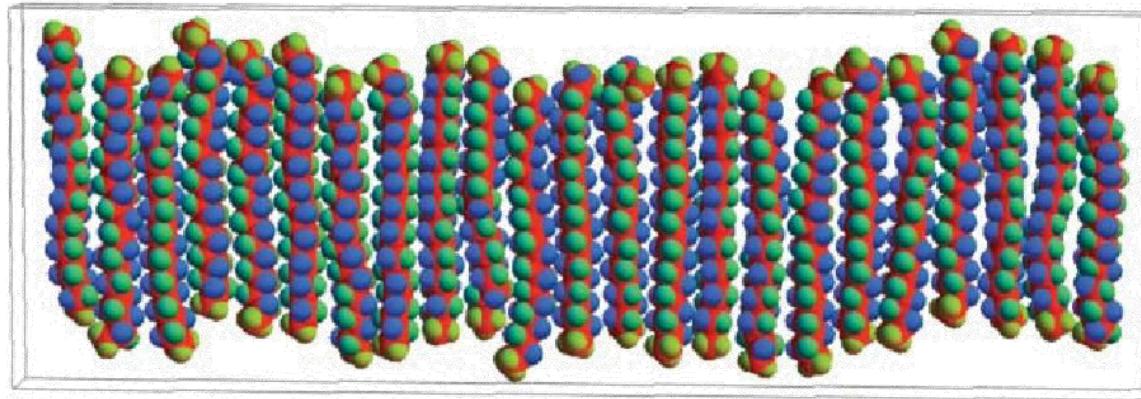
Rotator II phase



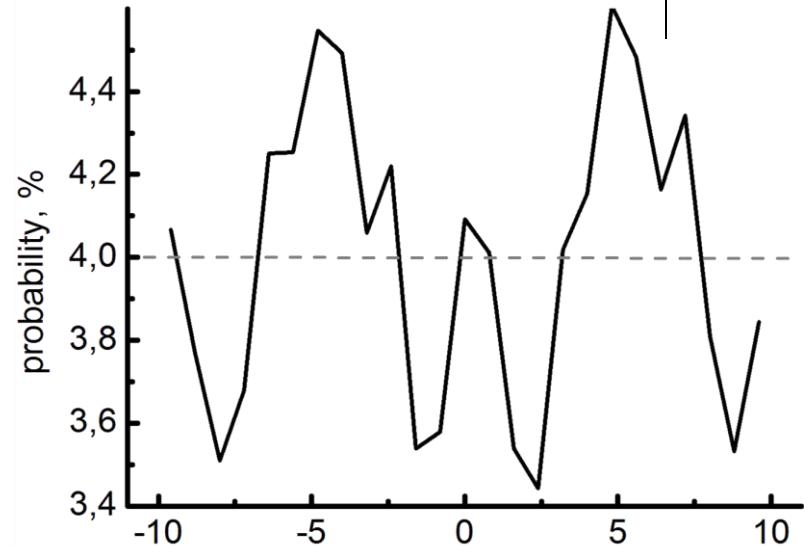
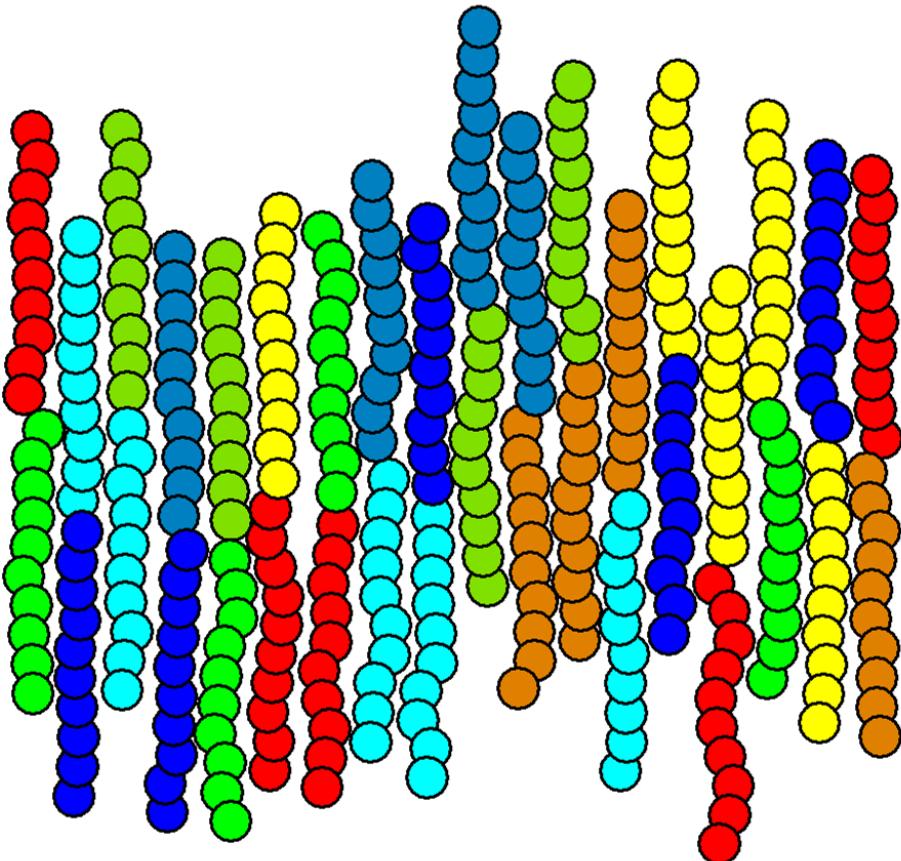
Rotator-like phase



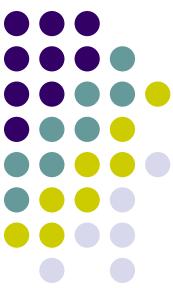
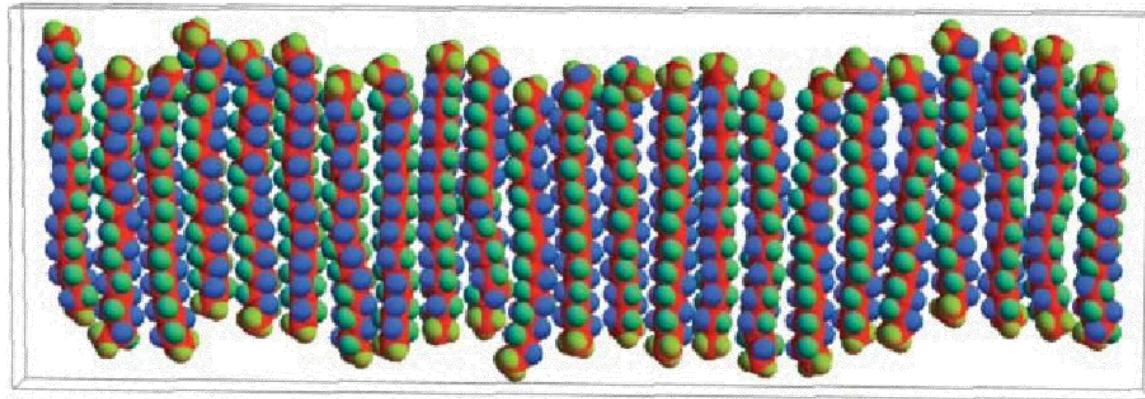
Rotator II phase



Rotator-like phase



Rotator II phase





Conclusion

- **System of stiff hard-sphere polymers has rotator-like phase**
- **WL is usable for simulations of phase transitions of polymer melts at thermodynamically equilibrium**



Thank you for your attention!