CG vs. AA: Water

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Comparative atomistic and coarse-grained study of water: What do we lose by coarse-graining?

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Motivation



Motivation



 \rightarrow What about the solvent?

¹http://www.upei.ca/ physics/polson/research/research.html



Motivation

Motivation

Replace every solvent molecule by a coarse-grained bead.

Why?

- Save computer time
 - All-Atom 1 Lennard-Jones + 9 Coulomb
 - Coarse-Grained 1 Tabulated
- Couple MD to continuum
- Understanding general properties



Introduction Models

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Simplest class of water model:

- Rigid geometry
- Lennard Jones interaction between oxygens
- Coulomb (with partial charges) between all atoms

(
	TIP3P	SPC	SPC/E
<i>г</i> он [Å]	0.9572	1.0	1.0
∠HOH [°]	104.52	109.47	109.47
σ [nm]	0.3151	0.3166	0.3166
$\epsilon \; [kJ/mol]$	0.6364	0.6506	0.6506
q ₀ [e]	-0.834	-0.820	-0.8476
q _Н [е]	+0.417	+0.410	+0.4238

• At ambient conditions, all of them give reasonable results.



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Structure based coarse-graining

- Find a pair potential for the coarse-grained system with the equal radial distribution function (RDF,g(r))
- Target RDF $g^{\text{target}}(r)$ is taken from atomistic simulation

Inverse Boltzmann Method²

$$V_{i+1}(r) = V_i(r) + \mathsf{k}_\mathsf{B} T \ln \left| rac{g_i(r)}{g^{\mathsf{target}}(r)}
ight|$$

with potential of mean force as initial guess

$$V_0(r) = -k_{
m B}T \ln g^{
m target}(r)$$

Neglects higher (> 2) body effects !

²D. Reith et al., J. Comp. Chem. **24**,1624 (2003).



Introduction Pressure-Correction

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Conclusior

Pressure will change due to removal of all internal degrees of freedom

Pressure-Correction (PC)

Adding an additional potential of the form

$$\Delta V(r) = A\left(1-rac{r}{r_{\rm cut}}
ight) \; ,$$

where

$$A_i pprox -(p-p^{ ext{target}}) V \left[rac{2\pi N
ho}{3r_{ ext{cut}}} \int_0^{r_{ ext{cut}}} \mathrm{d}r \; r^3 g_i(r)
ight]^{-1}$$

and at maximum $0.1k_BT$

Results RDF of SPC/E



 \rightarrow Pressure correction partly destroys structure



Results Potentials



Behavior is governed by two length ratios \rightarrow



Results Tetrahedral Packing

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Water likes to pack in a tetrahedral cluster

- 1 center molecule
- 4 neighbor molecules



Order parameter³

$$q_4 = 1 - C_{\sqrt{\sum_{i < j} [\theta_{ij} - 109.471^\circ]^2}}$$
,

- $q_4 = 0$ for randomly distributed particles ($\rightarrow C = 1.8165$)
- $q_4 = 1$ for perfect tetrahedral packing

³Other conventions are possible



Results Length Scales

Ratio of the wells

•
$$\gamma = \frac{\text{second well}}{\text{first well}} \approx \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

- $\frac{\text{neighbor-neighbor distance}}{\text{center-neighbor distance}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$
- Need for tetrahedral packing

Ratio of maxima

$$\delta = \frac{\text{first well}}{\text{first maxima}} \approx \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$
2(center- edge distance)

- $=\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ center-neighbor distance
- Prevents other molecules from entering the cluster



Results Length Scales



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Results RDF of SPC/E Potentials Tetrahedral Packing Length Scales Potential of Extrapolation

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 \rightarrow Coarse-grained models are less packed

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Results RDF of SPC/ Potentials Tetrahedral Packing Length Scales Potential of Extrapolation

8.0 6.0 $\lambda(r)$ 4.02.00.0 SPC P 5.0SPC/F 4.03.0V(r) [kJ/mol]POI 2.01.00.0-1.0 -2.0 -3.0 -4.00.250.30 0.350.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.700.200.40 $r \, [nm]$

Idea: Add more structure by adding $\lambda \cdot (SPC/E - SPC)$

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 \rightarrow Price to pay: <u>Structure</u>



Extrapolation

Compressibility vs. Pressure

• Want to fit state point (p, V, T) and compressibility κ

$$\kappa_{T} = -\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_{T}$$

Pressure correction destroys compressibility

$$ho k_{\mathsf{B}} T \kappa_{\mathcal{T}} = 1 + 4 \pi
ho \int \mathsf{d} r \; r^2 [g(r) - 1]$$

• Can not fit both at the same time (for this models)



Conclusion



Conclusion



Issues:

- Compressibility vs. pressure
- Decreased tetrahedral packing
- Structure vs. packing
- Not shown: intrinsic speed-up (from self-diffusion \approx 5)





The End

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Thank you for your attention !