## Critical Binder cumulant revisited

W. Selke (RWTH Aachen) and L. N. Shchur (Landau Institute, Chernogolovka)



- $U^*$  has been observed to DEPEND on

+ boundary conditions

periodic, free, fixed,...boundaries K.Binder, D.W. Heermann, W.Janke, D.P.Landau, A. Milchev,...(scattered results)



Lattice type(?)

Slightly different values of  $U^*$  for isotropic nn Ising models on square lattice with square shape and on triangular lattice with rhombus shape (K+B, 1993)

but there is no mapping

 $U^*(J_d/J, r = 1) = U^*(0, r)$ , which would keep rectangular symmetry (Chen+Dohm, 2004)

Our aim: Monte Carlo study on those (non)universal aspects of  $U^*$ 

## PRESENT results: isotropic nn Ising model on square lattice – various boundary conditions



sites; 'heat bath bc' when  $b \longrightarrow 0$ , with  $U^* = 0.560 \pm 0.002$ 



Note: less pronounced two-peak-distribution for free boundary conditions, and  $U^*$  is smaller than in the case of periodic boundary conditions





Mixed bc: pbc for two opposite sides, fbc for the other two opposite sites of squares of size  $L^2$ 

addition, for other rectangular shapes)





Question: Can dependence of  $U^*$  on anisotropy be transcribed, in general, into dependence on shape?



Recall: The equilibrium Wulf shape, at  $T_c$ , of an Ising droplet results from the orientational dependence of the surface free energy at criticality, reflecting the interactions.

There are the same spins in the rotated ellipse for the anisotropic nnn,  $J_d = J$ , Ising model on the square lattice and in the circle for the nn Ising model on the triangular lattice; thence  $U^*(\text{nnn,sq,ellipse}) = U^*(\text{iso nn,tria,circle}) = U^*(\text{iso nn,sq,circle})$ 

## Question(suggestion):

Does  $U^*$  take a generic/unique value when one considers systems (free bc) with their Wulf shape at criticality ?

## **Conclusions:**

- The critical Binder cumulant  $U^*$  in 2d Ising models depends on boundary conditions, system shapes, anisotropy of interactions.
- For isotropic models,  $U^*$  depends on shape and boundary conditions, but not on details of interactions and lattice type.
- For given boundary condition, the dependence of  $U^*$  on ANISOTROPY may be mapped onto a dependence on the SHAPE: verification for the nn anisotropic case, keeping rectangular symmetry; evidence for the nnn anisotropic Ising model, considering rhombus (parallelogram) shapes.
- Question: Can a generic/unique value of U\* be obtained for Ising models with a shape following from the Wulf construction at criticality, using, e.g., free boundary conditions?

W.S. and L.N. Shchur, J. Phys. A 38, L739 (2005)

W.S., Eur. Phys. J. B 51, 223 (2006); J. Stat. Mech. P04008 (2007)