

# On the phase structure of the 3D Abelian Two-Higgs model on the lattice

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in collaboration with  
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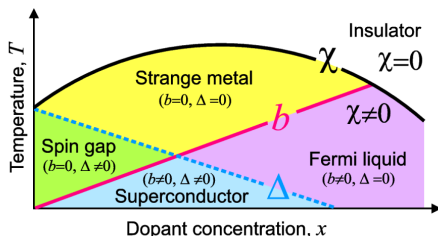
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# Motivation

- Higgs model(s):
- in Standard Model of particle physics: mass
- recent years: strongly correlated electron systems  $\rightarrow$  gauge theories
- Lee, Nagaosa, Wen; Rev. Mod. Phys.; 2006:  
3d-A2HM as effective model for ground state of  
2d quantum-spin Hamiltonian of overdoped high  $T_c$  superconductors
- starting from  $tJ$ -model, four phases predicted:
  - ▶ SG: spin gap phase
  - ▶ SC: superconducting phase
  - ▶ FL: Fermi liquid phase
  - ▶ SM: strange metal phase
  - ▶  $b$ : holon condensate
  - ▶  $\Delta$ : spinon condensate (cooper pair)
  - ▶  $\chi$ : (neglected) resonating valence bond coupling



Can one identify those four phases in the A2HM?

# Compact Abelian Two-Higgs Model

with frozen Higgs-field radii

Action:

$$S = -\beta \sum_P \cos(\theta_P) - \kappa_h \sum_{\mathbf{n}} \sum_{\mu} \cos\left(\varphi_{\mathbf{n}+\hat{\mu}}^{(h)} + Q_h \theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu} - \varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(h)}\right) \\ - \kappa_s \sum_{\mathbf{n}} \sum_{\mu} \cos\left(\varphi_{\mathbf{n}+\hat{\mu}}^{(s)} + Q_s \theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu} - \varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(s)}\right)$$

- $\varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(h)}, \varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(s)}$  holon, spinon fields,  $\theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu}$  gauge field
- $Q_h = 1, Q_s = 2$  holon, spinon field charge
- $\theta_P = \theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu} + \theta_{\mathbf{n}+\hat{\mu},\nu} - \theta_{\mathbf{n}+\hat{\nu},\mu} - \theta_{\mathbf{n},\nu}$  plaquette angle
- $\beta, \kappa_h, \kappa_s$  coupling parameters
- $\varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(h)}, \varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(s)}, \theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu} \in [-\pi; \pi)$
- $Z = \int \prod_{\mathbf{n}} \frac{d\varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(h)}}{2\pi} \prod_{\mathbf{n}} \frac{d\varphi_{\mathbf{n}}^{(s)}}{2\pi} \prod_{\mathbf{n},\mu} \frac{d\theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu}}{2\pi} e^{-S}$

# Topological excitations

$$m_P \in \mathbb{Z} : \theta_P + 2\pi m_P \in [-\pi; \pi)$$

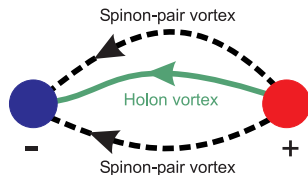
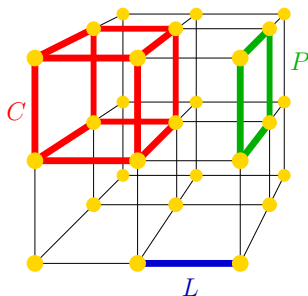
$$l_L \in \mathbb{Z} : \varphi_{\mathbf{n}+\hat{\mu}} + Q\theta_{\mathbf{n},\mu} - \varphi_{\mathbf{n}} + 2\pi l_L \in [-\pi; \pi)$$

Monopole charge:

$$j = \sum_{\partial C} m_P$$

Holon/Spinon vortex current:

$$\sigma_{h/s} = -Q_{h/s} m_P + \sum_{\partial P} l_L$$



Action parts:

$$\langle E_{h/s} \rangle = \left\langle \frac{S_{h/s}}{3N} \right\rangle$$

$$\langle E_P \rangle = \left\langle \frac{S_P}{3N} \right\rangle$$

Topological Excitations:

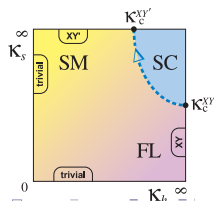
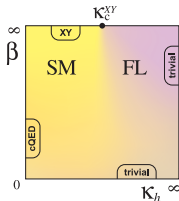
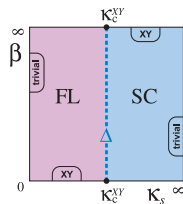
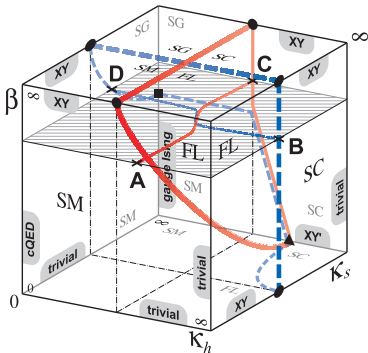
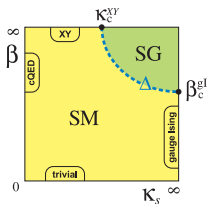
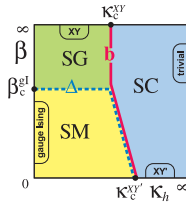
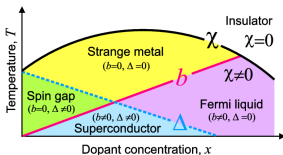
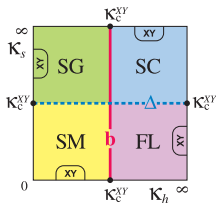
$$\langle \rho_{h/s} \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{3N} \sum |\sigma_{h/s}| \right\rangle$$

$$\langle \rho_m \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{N} \sum |j| \right\rangle$$

$$S = -\beta S_P - \kappa_h S_h - \kappa_s S_s$$

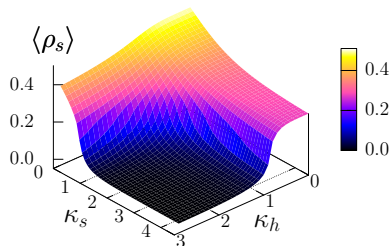
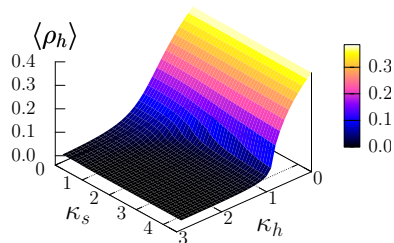
Susceptibilities:

$$\chi_O = (3) N (\langle O^2 \rangle - \langle O \rangle^2)$$



All transitions  
**2<sup>nd</sup> order** ,  
 or pure percolation  
 transitions!

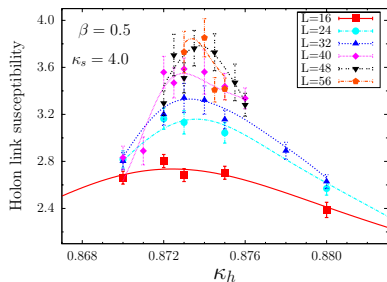
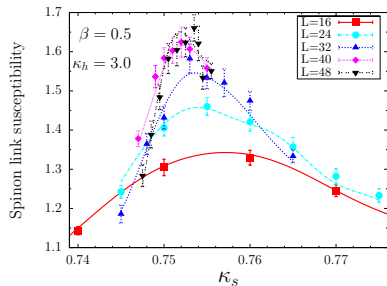
# Phase characterization $\beta = 0.5$



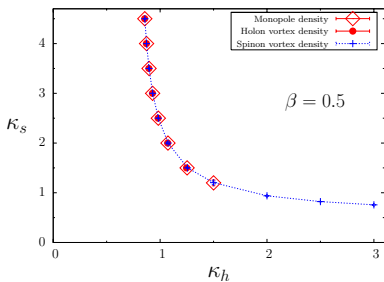
- two phases:
- SC phase off  $\kappa_h, \kappa_s$  axes:  
low  $\langle \rho_s \rangle$
- SM/FL phase along  $\kappa_h, \kappa_s$  axes:  
high  $\langle \rho_s \rangle$
- analytic connection of SM/FL phases
- SM-like at  $\kappa_h \approx 0, \kappa_s \approx \infty$
- FL-like at  $\kappa_h \approx \infty, \kappa_s \approx 0$

▶ boundary cases

# $\kappa_h - \kappa_s$ phase diagram at $\beta = 0.5$

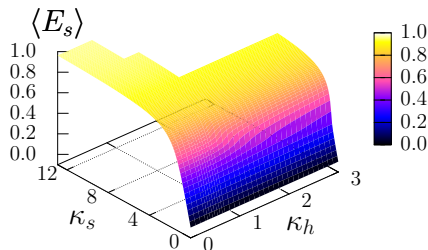
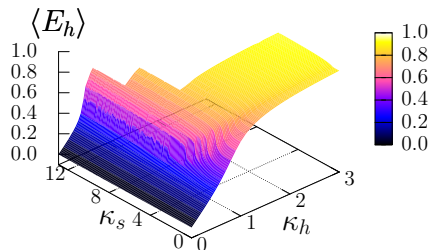


- fine-grided sampling across transition line, fixing either  $\kappa_h$  or  $\kappa_s$
- build susceptibility peak by Ferrenberg-Swendsen reweighting
- identify maximum  
→ position of transition
- all phase transitions appear to be 2<sup>nd</sup> order; clear from boundary cases





# Phase characterization $\beta = 0.8$

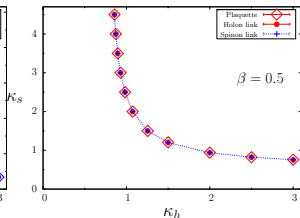
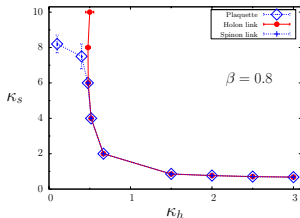
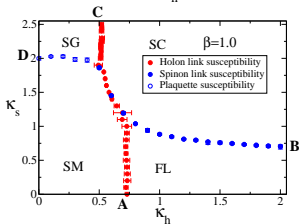
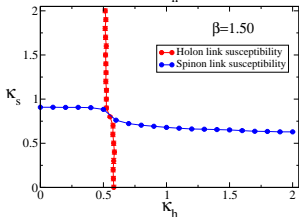
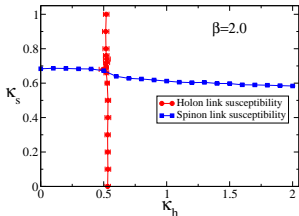


- four phases:
- SM phase  $(\kappa_h, \kappa_s) \approx (0, 0)$ :  
low  $\langle E_h \rangle$ , low  $\langle E_s \rangle$
- SG phase  $\kappa_h \approx 0, \kappa_s \approx \infty$ :  
low  $\langle E_h \rangle$  and high  $\langle E_s \rangle$
- FL phase  $\kappa_h \approx \infty, \kappa_s \approx 0$ :  
high  $\langle E_h \rangle$  and low  $\langle E_s \rangle$
- SC phase  $(\kappa_h, \kappa_s) \approx (\infty, \infty)$ :  
high  $\langle E_h \rangle$  and high  $\langle E_s \rangle$

▶ boundary cases

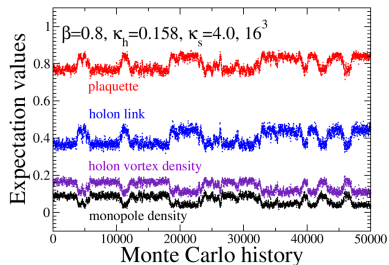
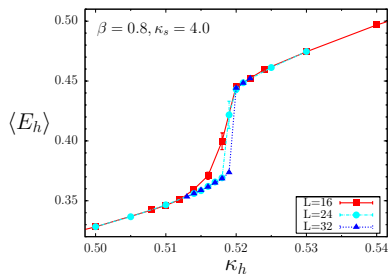
# Trend in $\beta$ :

- $\beta \approx \infty$ : rectangular section of red and blue phase transition lines
- decreasing  $\beta$ : emergence of  $\chi$ -like structure
- phase transition lines merge
- below  $\beta = \beta_c^I \approx 0.7613$ : transition line at low  $\kappa_h$  vanishes



▶ boundary cases

# Signature of 1<sup>st</sup> order transition



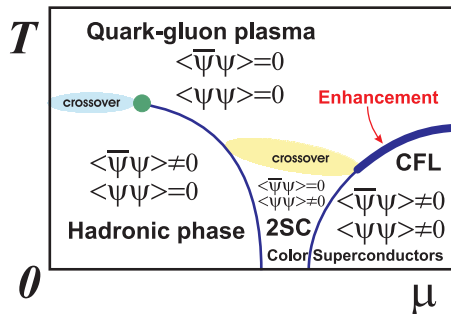
- in the region  $\infty < \beta < \beta_c^{\text{gl}}$  two transition lines merge ( $\chi$  structure)
- lines joint  $\rightarrow$  region of 1<sup>st</sup> order transition
- results from activity of gauge field coupling holon and spinon field
- published in Physical Review B: Bock, Chernodub, Ilgenfritz, Schiller (November 2007)

▶ boundary cases

# Conclusions

- considered cA2HM as effective model for some aspects of high- $T_c$  superconductors
- identified SG, SC, FL, SM phases as proposed by Lee, Nagaosa, Wen
- found new effect: merging of second order phase transition lines may lead first order transition
- this effect may have impact on other fields of physics (e.g. QCD)

# Phase transition enhancement in QCD



- quark  $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle$  and diquark  $\langle \psi\psi \rangle$  condensates
- both = 0 in quark-gluon plasma phase
- both  $\neq 0$  in color-flavor locked (CFL) phase
- 2SC two color superconducting phase
- e.g. Nononha et al., Physical Review D, 2006